# Savitribai Phule Pune University M. A. / M. Sc. Program in Statistics (Under NEP)

## To be implemented from the Academic Year 2023-24

Head of the Department of Statistics	
July 11, 2023	
<b>,</b> ,	

Approved by Department Committee Approved by Board of Studies
July 11, 2023 July 12, 2023

Dean of Science Faculty

Vice Chancellor

#### 1. Title of the course: M. A. / M. Sc. in Statistics

**2. Preamble of the syllabus:** M. A. / M. Sc. Statistics program is of **88** credits spread over four semesters. It has an exit option with a Post-Graduate Diploma in Statistics at the end of the first year (after two semesters). Also, eligible students can join (entry) directly in the program's second year for M.A./M.Sc. after the completion of the PG diploma or four-year B.A./B.Sc. honours degree in Statistics. The Department of Statistics, Savitribai Phule Pune University offers this program. The program emphasizes theory, practical and modern applications of statistics using practical data analysis and is structured to provide knowledge and skills in depth necessary for the employability of students in industry, other organizations, as well as in academics.

The department has academic autonomy and it has been utilized to add new and need-based elective courses from time to time. In the past, several such elective courses have been added to the syllabus from time to time.

The syllabus has a good balance of theory, methods, practical applications of statistics, research skill development, industrial exposure and two project components.

It is possible for the students to study basic courses from other disciplines such as economics, life sciences, computer science, modelling and simulation and mathematics in place of electives.

- **3. Introduction:** M.A./M.Sc. Statistics program has a semester pattern and a Choice-Based Credit System (CBCS). The program consists of 88 credits.
- **4. Eligibility Criteria:** For M. A. in Statistics the eligibility criteria are as follows:
  - (i) B. A. (50% marks or equivalent grade) with Statistics as a major and Mathematics or Economics as a minor
  - (ii) B. A. (50% marks or equivalent grade) with Mathematics as major and Statistics as a minor
  - (iii)B. A. (50% marks or equivalent grade) with Actuarial Science as major and Statistics at minor
  - (iv)B. A. (50% marks or equivalent grade) with both Statistics and Mathematics at minor level subjects.

For M. Sc. in Statistics the eligibility criteria are as follows:

- (i) B.Sc. (50% marks or equivalent grade) with Statistics as the major and Mathematics/ Physics/ Computer Science/Economics as minor
- (ii) B.Sc. (50% marks or equivalent grade) with Mathematics as major and Statistics at the minor
- (iii)B.Sc. (50% marks or equivalent grade) with Actuarial Science as major and Statistics at the minor
- (iv)B.Sc. (50% marks or equivalent grade) with both Mathematics and Statistics at the minor

For the second year of M.A./M.Sc. admission, the eligibility criteria will be as follows:

- (i) Four years B.A./B.Sc. honours in Statistics (50% marks or equivalent grade)
- (ii) Post Graduate Diploma in Statistics (50% marks or equivalent grade)

#### Admissions for Year I and new admission for Year II will be based on an entrance test.

#### 5. Examination

#### A) Pattern:

- (i) **Pattern of examination:** There would be continuous internal assessment (CIA) and an end-of-term examination (ETE) for each course. Both CIA and ETE have 50% weightage. The CIA includes class tests or quizzes, assignments, small projects/practicals, viva-voce and presentations. There would be assignments or minor projects for some of the elective courses in ETE also.
- (ii) **Pattern of the question paper:** For theory/practical courses the duration for the ETE will be three hours for a four-credit course and two hours for a two-credit course.
- B) **Standard of passing:** A student has to obtain 40% marks in the combined grading of the ETE and the CIA for passing the course, with a minimum passing of 30% in both CIA and ETE separately.
- C) **ATKT rules:** A student can register for the third semester, if (s) he completes 50% credits of the total credits expected to be completed within the first two semesters (that is, 22 credits). Once registered, a student must complete M. A./ M. Sc. within a period as specified by the University.
- D) Award of class: As per the University rules.
- E) External students: Not applicable
- F) **Setting of question paper:** The Department has been given autonomy for setting the question papers and grading the answer papers. A teacher teaching a course sets the question paper of the course and assesses the answer books. Question papers may be moderated by a committee of subject experts.
- G) Verification or revaluation: As per the University rules

#### **6. Structure of the Program**

All the major courses with 4 credits will have 3 hours of theory and 1 hour of practical (Data analysis/Problem-solving) classes during a week. All the major course practical has to be conducted for batches of size 10 (5 batches). For the elective courses, the number of practical batches will be 2 (on average).

The project in Semester III must be carried out as an individual project or a group project with a group size equal to 2 or 3 and each group will be assigned a supervisor. It is expected that students should discuss their project work with their supervisor, for a minimum of **TWO** hours per week. The project involves solving a real-life problem using statistical methods for primary/secondary data.

The project in Semester IV must be carried out as an individual project or a group project with a group size equal to 2 or 3 and each group will be assigned a supervisor. It is expected that students should discuss their project work with their supervisor, for a minimum of THREE hours per week. The fourth-semester project is expected to have some original contributions, in the form of an algorithm or methodology. The project report/outcome is expected to be converted to one/two publishable research paper(s) after necessary plagiarism checks.

Students are allowed to extend their 3<sup>rd</sup> semester projects to the 4th semester subject to the approval of the Departmental project evaluation committee. All project reports have to undergo a plagiarism check and the Departmental project evaluation committee will set the required norms.

A student can opt for a **Reading course** (Theory + Practical) in lieu of an elective taught course with the permission of the Head of the Department. The eligibility and evaluation criteria are mentioned later in this document.

All the courses offered under M.A./M.Sc. Statistics programs will be available to students from other Departments, whenever they are offered. However, the eligibility for a particular course (Major as well as elective), will be decided by the Teaching and Academic Committee of the Department.

Candidates seeking admission directly to Sem III (Year II of the M.A./M.Sc. Program) will have to appear for a separate entrance examination. The Dept. has restricted such admissions to a maximum of 20% more than the existing intake capacity.

Specific elective courses will be offered only if a faculty member is available for teaching at that point of time. The Dept. has the authority to add more courses to the basket of electives as per the market demand.

Equivalent courses (Electives) will have to be approved by the DEC and the Head of Department.

All courses (Major, Elective and Research Methodology) are to be taught with a 25% practical component (equivalent to one credit). Batchwise tutorial sessions will be conducted for all the major courses.

After successfully completing Year I (clearing all the necessary papers) of the program, students who wish to take a break will be awarded a **PG Diploma in Statistics**. All those who have been awarded PG Diploma from the Department are allowed to rejoin the Master's program only after a gap of a minimum of one year.

## M.A./M.Sc. Statistics Program Structure (as per NEP) from 2023-2024 Savitribai Phule Pune University

Year	Level	Sem	Course Type	Paper Title	Credits
I	6.0	I	Major – Mandatory	STS 501 MJ: Fundamentals of	4
				Analysis & Calculus	
I	6.0	I	Major - Mandatory	STS 502 MJ: Linear Algebra	4
I	6.0	I	Major - Mandatory	STS 503 MJ: Probability	4
				Distributions	
I	6.0	I	Major - Mandatory	STS 504 MJ: Data Analytics using R	2
				(Practical)	
I	6.0	I	Elective I	STS 510 MJ: Optimization	4
				Techniques	
				STS 511 MJ: Graph Theory	
				STS 512 MJ: Reliability and	
				Statistical Quality Control	
				STS 513 MJ: Actuarial Statistics	
				Equivalent course (to be approved	
				by the DEC/Dept.)*	
I	6.0	I	Research	STS 505 MJ: Research	4
			Methodology	Methodology (This course should	
				involve topics from Research	
				Methodology, Critical Thinking,	
				Computational Statistics, Data	
				Representation & Visualization etc.)	
7	6.0	**	36 36 17	CTC 551 MI M 1 Control	4
I	6.0	II	Major – Mandatory	STS 551 MJ: Modern Statistical Inference	4
I	6.0	II	Major - Mandatory	STS 552 MJ: Regression Analysis &	4
1	0.0	11	1viajoi iviandatory	Applications	
I	6.0	II	Major - Mandatory	STS 553 MJ: Multivariate Analysis	4
				& Applications	
I	6.0	II	Major - Mandatory	STS 554 MJ: Data Analytics using R	2
				and/or Python (Practical)	
I	6.0	II	Elective II	STS 560 MJ: Advanced	4
				Mathematical Analysis and Calculus	
				STS 561 MJ: Measure Theory	
				STS 562 MJ: Functional Analysis	
				STS 563 MJ: Advances in	
				Generalized Linear Models	
				STS 564 MJ: Statistical Methods in	
				Epidemiology	
				STS 565 MJ: Medical and Health	
				Statistics	
				STS 566 MJ: Statistical Methods in	
		<u> </u>		Microarray Data Analysis	

				STS 567 MJ: Discrete Data	
				Analysis	
				Equivalent Course (to be approved	
				by the DEC/Dept.)*	
I	6.0	II	OJT/FP	STS 555 OJT: Six weeks internship	4
				in the industry with a minimum of	
				25 days (Seven hours per day)	
				working (log sheet required) along	
				with a report / Conduct a field	
				survey with the analysis and report	
				with an equal amount of work/ Any	
				other similar activity that requires an	
				equivalent amount of work which	
				can be done in other (nearby)	
				Research Institutes with researchers	
				or Scientists	
Total					44

Year	Level	Sem	Course Type	Paper Title	Credits
II	6.5	III	Major - Mandatory	STS 601 MJ: Probability Theory	4
II	6.5	III	Major - Mandatory	STS 602 MJ: Stochastic Processes	4
II	6.5	III	Major - Mandatory	STS 603 MJ: Design and Analysis of Experiments	4
II	6.5	III	Major - Mandatory	STS 604 MJ: Advanced Data Analytics using R and/or Python (Practical)	2
II	6.5	III	Elective III	STS 610 MJ: Statistical Learning & Data Mining STS 611 MJ: Survival Analysis STS 612 MJ: Astrostatistics STS 613 MJ: Financial Statistics STS 614 MJ: Statistical Foundations of Data Science STS 615 MJ: Expert Systems with Applications STS 616 MJ: Asymptotic Inference Equivalent Course (to be approved by the DEC/Dept.)*	4
II	6.5	III	Research Project	STS 631 RP: Research Project – I	4
II	6.5	IV	Major - Mandatory	STS 651 MJ: Time Series Analysis	4
II	6.5	IV	Major - Mandatory	STS 652 MJ: Bayesian Inference	4
II	6.5	IV	Major - Mandatory	STS 653 MJ: Sampling Theory and Applications	4
II	6.5	IV	Elective IV	STS 660 MJ: Advanced Probability STS 661 MJ: Advanced Stochastic Processes:	4

Total					44
II	6.5	IV	Research Project	STS 681 RP: Research Project – II	6
				by the DEC/Dept.)*	
				Equivalent Course (to be approved	
				Analysis	
				STS 670 MJ: Advanced Time Series	
				Econometrics	
				STS 669 MJ: Financial	
				their Applications	
				STS 668 MJ: Spatial Processes and	
				Processing	
				STS 667 MJ: Natural Language	
				Clinical Trials	
				STS 666 MJ: Design & Analysis of	
				Learning Techniques & Applications	
				STS 665 MJ: Advanced Statistical	
				Bio Computing	
				STS 664 MJ: Statistical Methods for	
				Statistical Methods	
				STS 663 MJ: Computer Intensive	
				Processes	
				STS 662 MJ: Inference in Stochastic	

<sup>\*&#</sup>x27;Equivalent Course' is an online course from NPTEL/SWAYAM or an Offline course from another department/Institute. Students have to take permission from the DEC/Dept./Institute before finalizing an elective course which is not listed here.

## Reading Course (Theory + Practical) in Lieu of an Elective Course:

#### **Rules & Regulations**

- 1. Students with backlogs or less than a B grade in any of the courses will not be eligible for such a reading course.
- 2. Whenever a reading course is planned, the concerned student and the guide shall submit a one-page proposal about the course they are planning to do to the department Head and Departmental examination committee (DEC). The Head and DEC together will approve the reading course. This will be in lieu of a 4-credit elective taught course. A reading course involving only data analysis will not be allowed, however good they are. Theory and problem-solving should be part of a reading course.
- 3. In a reading course based on a textbook, e.g., a reading course on advanced probability,

inference or related books, the candidate is expected to read at least 6 to 8 chapters of the book proposed in the proposal and solve as many problems from the exercises of that book. The final report should consist of the theory learned, problems and solutions worked out.

- 4. There shall be two internal assessments for the reading course. The candidate shall submit a report about the work done until then (about 5 to 10 pages) for the first evaluation. For the second evaluation also, the candidate is expected to submit a write-up of the work done (until then). The candidate may be evaluated out of 25 by the guide on both of these occasions. (CIA = 50)
- 5. The Head in consultation with DEC will appoint an external examiner to examine the project report. The examiner of the project should read the project before the viva and presentation and examine the details of the findings and assess the learning outcome of the project.
- 6. The candidate shall submit the final report of the reading course one week prior to the ETE. The ETE of reading will be in the form of a viva voce and presentation. This will be evaluated out of 50 by the external examiner (Report or Presentation-25, Viva-25).

## **Detailed Syllabus**

#### STS 501 MJ: Fundamentals of Analysis & Calculus – 4 Credits

#### **Course Outcome (CO)**

Cognitive level

After completion of this course, the students will be able to

1.	understand the concepts of mathematical analysis	Understand
2.	understand the concepts of limits and convergence of	Understand and
	sequences and series and solve related problems	Evaluate
3.	understand the concepts of limits and continuity of functions	Understand and
	solve problems related to these concepts	Evaluate
4.	solve the problems related to univariate differential calculus	Evaluate
5.	solve the problems related to multivariate differential calculus	Evaluate
6.	apply the techniques for finding the optimum of functions	Evaluate

#### Unit I

Countability, supremum and infimum of sets of real numbers, denseness property of rational numbers, limit points and interior points of a set, open sets, closed sets, their properties, Compactness

#### Unit II

Sequences of real numbers, Cauchy sequence, limit superior, limit inferior, limit and convergence of a sequence of real numbers, Cauchy criterion for convergence

Series of real numbers, convergence of series, tests for convergence of series, absolute convergence, Cauchy product of two series and its convergence. Power series and radius of convergence

#### Unit III

Functions, continuity, uniform continuity, absolute continuity, functions of bounded variation, calculus of one variable: differentiability, mean value theorem and Taylor series expansion.

Functions of several variables, continuity, partial derivative, the gradient vector, directional derivatives, differentials of functions of several variables, properties, convex and concave functions

#### **Unit IV**

Differentials of composite functions, chain rule, the mean value theorem, a sufficient condition for the existence of the differential, partial derivatives of higher order and Taylor's formula. Applications of partial differentiation, Jacobians, extremum problems involving functions of several variables and their applications, constraint optimization of functions with several variables and their applications

#### **Books Recommended**

- 1. Abbott, S. (2001), Understanding Analysis, Springer, New York
- 2. Apostol T.M. (1975). *Mathematical Analysis: A Modern Approach to Advanced Calculus*. Addison-Wesley
- 3. Bartle R. G. and Sherbert D. R., (2007), Introduction to Real Analysis, Wiley
- 4. Bartle, R. G. (1976). *Elements of Real Analysis*, John Wiley
- 5. Ghorpade, S. R. and Limaye, B. V. (2006). *A Course in Calculus and Real Analysis*, Springer
- 6. Ghorpade, S. R. and Limaye, B. V. (2010). A *Course on Multivariable Calculus and Analysis*, Springer
- 7. Goldberg R. R. (1976). Methods of Real Analysis, John Wiley
- 8. Kreyszig, E. (1975). Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Wiley Eastern
- 9. Kumar, A. and Kumaresan, S. (2014). *A Basic Course in Real Analysis*, CRC Press
- 10. Radulescu, T. T., Radulescu V. D., Andreescu T., (2009), *Problems in Real Analysis*, Springer, New York
- 11. Rudin, W. (1985). Principles of Mathematical Analysis, McGraw Hill
- 12. Trench W. F. (2012). Introduction to Real Analysis, E-book.
- 13. Yau, D. (2013). A First Course in Analysis, World Scientific

#### STS 502 MJ: Linear Algebra – 4 Credits

### **Course Outcome (CO)**

**Cognitive level** 

After completion of this course, the students will be able to

1.	solve the problems related to vector spaces	Evaluate
2.	solve the problems related to matrix algebra and linear	Evaluate
	transformations	
3.	solve problems related to a system of linear equations	Evaluate
4.	understand the concepts of eigenvalue theory	Understand and
	solve problems related to eigenvalues of a matrix	Evaluate
5.	understand the concepts of quadratic forms and solve problems	Understand and
	related to these topics	Evaluate
	understand the concepts of matrix derivatives	Understand
7.	apply the concept of decomposition of a matrix	Apply

#### Unit I

vector spaces, inner product of vector spaces, linear dependence and linear independence of vectors, bases, an orthogonal basis, basis and dimension, properties and uses of a basis.

Linear transformation and their matrix representations, injective, surjective and inverse linear transformations, rank of a matrix, linear equations, solution space and null space, generalized inverse, echelon forms, canonical forms, Gram-Schmidt orthogonalization, projection theorem.

#### Unit II

Determinants and their simple properties, partitioned matrices, inverses, vector operator, special types of matrices, orthogonal and idempotent matrices, symmetric and positive definite matrices

Characteristic roots of real matrices, right and left characteristic vectors, linear independence of characteristic vectors corresponding to distinct characteristic roots, algebraic and geometric multiplicities, Cayley-Hamilton theorem.

Matrix inequalities, rank, determinant, and trace inequalities, eigenvalue inequalities

Generalized inverses: Moore-Penrose inverse, G-inverse

#### Unit III

Quadratic forms with symmetric matrices, definiteness of a real quadratic form, reduction of quadratic forms, simultaneous reduction of two quadratic forms, maxima and minima of ratios of two quadratic forms, quadratic form inequalities

#### Unit IV

Derivatives with respect to vectors and matrices

LU factorization, Cholesky factorization, spectral decomposition, singular value decomposition, applications

#### **Books Recommended**

- 1. Bapat, R.B. (2011). *Linear Algebra and Linear Models*. Springer and Hindustan Book Agency.
- 2. Beezer, R. A. (2004). A First Course in Linear Algebra, Congruent Press, Washington
- 3. Gilbert, S. (2014). *Linear Algebra and Its Applications*, 4th Ed., Cengage Learning India Pvt. Ltd.
- 4. Hohn, F. E. (1973). Elements of Matrix Algebra, Macmillan
- 5. Kollo, T. and Rosen, D. von (2005). *Advanced Multivariate Statistics with Matrices*, Springer, New York.
- 6. Kumaresan, S. (2000). Linear Algebra: A Geometric Approach, Prentice Hall
- 7. Lay, D. C. Lay, S. R. and Mc Donald, J. J. (2016). *Linear Algebra and Its Applications*, Fifth Edition, Pearson, Boston.
- 8. Ramachandra Rao, A. and Bhimasankaram, P. (2000). *Linear Algebra*. Hindustan Book Agency
- 9. Rao, C. R. (1995). Linear Statistical Inference and Its Applications, Wiley
- 10. Searle, S. R. and Khuri, A. I. (2017). *Matrix Algebra Useful for Statistics*, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed., John Wiley, New York.

#### STS 503 MJ: Probability Distributions – 4 Credits

#### **Course Outcome (CO)**

#### **Cognitive level**

After completion of this course, the students will be able to

1.	understand the concepts related to class of sets such as fields,	Understand and
	sigma fields, Borel fields and solve related problems	Evaluate
2.	understand the measure-theoretic definition of a random variable,	Understand and
	random vectors and solve problems related to their distributions	Evaluate
3.	solve the problems related to the distribution function	Evaluate
4.	solve problems related to quantile functions	Evaluate
5.	understand the concepts such as truncation, symmetry,	Understand and
	convolution mixture, compound etc. and solve related problems	Evaluate
6.	solve problems related to multiple and partial correlations	Evaluate
7.	understand the concepts related to sampling distributions	Understand and
	solve problems related to them	Evaluate
8.	understand the theory related to linear and quadratic functions	Understand and
	involving normal random vectors and solve related problems	Evaluate
9.	understand the concepts related to order statistics and	Understand and
	solve problems related to the distributions of order statistics	Evaluate

#### Unit I

Random experiments, sample spaces, classes of sets, fields and sigma-fields, the limit of sequences of sub-sigma-field generated by a class of subsets, Borel fields, Borel sigma fields on R and (0,1), probability measure on a sigma-field, probability space, continuity of a probability measure. Real valued functions on  $\Omega$ , properties of inverse images, real and vector-valued random variables

#### **Unit II**

Probability spaces, properties of probability measures including monotonicity and continuity, Probability measures on finite and countable infinite sample spaces. Cumulative distribution function (c.d.f.) of a random variable, necessary and sufficient conditions for a function to be a cumulative distribution function, symmetry of a distribution, Quantilefunctions and their properties, quantile functions as random variables and their c.d.f. Independence of events and random variables, identically distributed random variables,

Continuous, discrete and mixed distribution functions, decomposition theorem. Density function and distribution functions defined in terms of density functions, continuity and differentiability of such distribution functions. Singular and absolutely continuous distribution functions, concept of survival function, hazard rate and cumulative hazard rates. Truncated distributions (binomial, truncated Poisson, normal etc.)

Expectation of random variables, existence and finiteness of expectations, Probability generating function (p.g.f.) and moment generating function (m.g.f.) and their properties, Stieltjes moment problem.

#### **Unit III**

Cumulative distribution functions of a random vector, lower dimensional marginal distributions, necessary and sufficient conditions for a function to be a bivariate distribution function, independence of random variables in terms of distribution functions,

Construction of multivariate distribution functions that satisfy the sufficient conditions, bivariate density functions and related distribution functions, marginals do not determine the joint distributions uniquely, conditional densities and conditional distributions.

Expectations and moments of random vectors. mixed moments, variance-covariance matrix, conditional expectation and variances, multiple and partial correlationcoefficients joint m.g.f and relation to marginal m.g.f. and moments, convolutions, mixtures, compound distribution.

#### Unit IV

Multinomial distribution and joint distributions of order statistics, functions of random vectors and their joint distributions distribution of spacings, normalized spacings with illustration to the exponential case, distribution of sample median and sample range.

Sampling distributions of statistics from univariate normal random samples, non-central chi-square, non-central t and F distributions.

Bivariate and multivariate normal distribution, m.g.f. linear and quadratic transformations of multivariate normal vectors, their distributions and properties, Fisher-Cochran theorem.

Multivariate beta, exponential, binomial, Poisson distributions and their properties.

#### **Books Recommended**

- 1. Berger, R. and Casella G. (2002). *Statistical Inference*, Duxbury Resource Center, Second Edition.
- 2. Bhat, B. R. (2007). *Modern Probability Theory: An Introductory Text Book*, New Age International
- 3. Billingsley, P. (1995). *Probability and Measure*, 3<sup>rd</sup> Ed., John Wiley, New York
- 4. Dasgupta, A. (2010) Fundamentals of Probability: A First Course, Springer
- 5. Hogg, R. V., McKean, J. W. and Craig, T. T. (2005). *Introduction to Mathematical Statistics*, Sixth Edition, Pearson Prentice Hall, New Jersey.
- 6. Rao, C. R. (2002). Linear Statistical Inference and Its Applications, Wiley
- 7. Rohatgi, V. K. & A. K. M. E Saleh (2001). *Introduction to Probability and Statistics*, Wiley, New York.

#### STS 504 MJ: Data Analytics Using R (Practical) – 2 Credits

#### Course Outcome (CO)

**Cognitive level** 

After completion of this course the students will be able to

1.	use R for various statistical computations	Apply
2.	apply different search algorithms	Apply
3.	use real data sets and perform analysis using R	Apply
4.	write programs using R for analyzing data	Apply/Evaluate

#### Unit I

Basics of R Programming: Creating, downloading, and manipulating data files in R.

The following practical will be conducted using R

Calculation of rank and determinant of higher order matrix by partitioning method. Calculation of equivalent canonical form by using elementary row and columnoperations Calculation of inverses of symmetric matrices of higher order by partitioning method Calculation of Inverse, Moore-Penrose inverse, and g-inverse of small and large order matrices.

Calculation of eigen values and eigen vectors of small and large order matrices Solution of a simultaneous system of equations (small and large)

Spectral decomposition, LU decomposition and SV decomposition of matrix and computation of powers of a matrix

Plotting of various probability distributions using R

Performing descriptive analysis as well as hypothesis testing for real-life data sets

#### Unit II

Numerical algorithms such as direct search, grid search, interpolation search, gradient search, Bisection and Newton-Raphson methods, Muller's method, Aitkens extrapolation, Mersenne Twister's algorithm, simple applications of the above methods by writing R codes and demonstrating

#### **Books Recommended:**

- 1. Bruce, P. and Bruce, A. (2017). *Practical Statistics for Data Scientists*, O'Reilly Media
- 2. Kennedy W. J. and Gentle J. E. (1980). Statistical Computing, Marcel Dekker
- 3. Law, A.M. and Kelton, W.D. (2000). *Simulation, Modeling and Analysis*, Tata McGraw Hill, Third Edition
- 4. Norman Matloff (2011) *The Art of R Programming-A Tour of Statistical Software Design*, No Starch Press, San Francisco
- 5. Rizzo, M. L. (2007). Statistical Computing with R, CRC Press.
- 6. Tilman M Davis (2016). The book of R: A First Course in Programming and Statistics
- 7. Hadley, W. and Garret, G. (2017) R for Data Science: Import, Tidy, Transform, Visualize, And Model Data

#### STS 505 MJ: Research Methodology – 4 Credits

#### **Course Outcome (CO)**

#### Cognitive level

After completion of this course, the students will be able to

1.	understand the meaning and scope of doing scientific research.	Understand
2.	able to think logically	Apply
3.	would be able to use some of the computational algorithms and	Apply
	tools used in modern statistical inference problems.	
4.	Would be able to apply several visualization graphical methods	Apply

#### **Unit I: Research Methodology**

Objectives and purpose of research, Philosophical foundation for knowledge creation and dissemination, Epistemological, Ontological and other issues in science research,

Qualitative and quantitative research, different methods

Role of statistics in scientific research, research design, statistical research project

Types of statistical research: empirical, field experiments, laboratory experiments, and secondary sources of data, exploratory and confirmatory research, planned and ad-hoc methods of data collection, non-response and methods of recovering the missing response

#### **Unit II: Critical Thinking**

Set theory and logic, Theory of Numbers, Constants and Variables, Concept of a sentence in logic, designatory function and a sentential function, Sentential Calculus, logical conjunctions like 'not', 'or', 'and' & 'if..., then...', concepts of argument, premise and conclusion, laws of sentential calculus, Theory of Relations, binary relations, domain and co-domain, algebra of relations: operations on relations, universal relation and the null relations, reflexive relations, transitive relations, symmetric relations etc.

Arguments and conclusions, inductive and deductive logic, Counterexamples for the invalidity of arguments

Creativity, Critical Thinking & Problem-Solving.

#### **Unit III: Computational Statistics**

(a) Theory of random number generation - linear, multiplicative and mixed random number generators. Testing a random number generator- run test, Kolmogorov-

- Smirnov test, sign test, rank test, gap test, digit frequency test and serial correlation. Selection of a random number generator
- (b) Theory of inverse transformation method (ITM) for random variable generation-definition of quantile function, its properties. Quantile function as a random variable and its distribution function. ITM-based algorithms to generate random variables from standard discrete and continuous distributions.
- (c) Theory of Acceptance-Rejection method (ARM) for random variate generation the conditional distribution of Y given that  $[U \le f(Y)/M g(Y)]$  when  $Y \sim g$  and  $U \sim U(0; 1)$ ; where f and g are density functions. Interpretation and optimal choice of M using exponential tilting, ARM-based algorithms for random variable generation.
- (d) Generation of random variables using the relationships between distributions, composition and convolution methods. Algorithms for random variable generation from mixture distributions, chi-square, t and F-distributions.
- (e) Random variable generation from bivariate, multivariate and conditional distributions.

Methods to compute integrals- quadrature formula, double integration, Gaussian integration, Monte Carlo methods: Monte Carlo integration and its application to computing expected values and probabilities, Theory of Importance Sampling with applications to reduce Monte Carlo error and rare-event simulation, verification of WLLN, CLT and other approximations through simulation. Empirical computation of level of significance and power of tests

#### **Unit IV: Data Representation & Visualization**

Methods of Data Visualization, why we visualize data, Visualization as a cognitive aid, Six Meta-Rules for Data Visualization,

Basics of *ggplot*, Power BI and their applications for visualization

#### **Recommended Books**

- 1. A Gentle Introduction to the Art of Mathematics, Joseph E. Fields, https://osj1961.github.io/giam/
- 2. Bruce, P. and Bruce, A. (2017). *Practical Statistics for Data Scientists*, O'Reilly Media.
- 3. Few, S. (2009). Now You See It: Sample Visualization Techniques for Quantitative Analysis, Oakland Press: CA: Analytics Press
- 4. Hadley, W. and Garret, G. (2017) R for Data Science: Import, Tidy, Transform, Visualize, And Model Data
- 5. Kennedy W. J. and Gentle J. E. (1980). Statistical Computing, Marcel Dekker
- 6. Law, A.M. and Kelton, W.D. (2000). *Simulation, Modeling and Analysis*, Tata McGraw Hill, Third Edition
- 7. Norman Matloff (2011) *The Art of R Programming-A Tour of Statistical Software Design*, No Starch Press, San Francisco
- 8. Richard Hammack, https://www.people.vcu.edu/~rhammack/BookOfProof/
- 9. Rizzo, M. L. (2007). Statistical Computing with R, CRC Press.

- 10. Steel, J. and Iliinsky, (2010). Beautiful Visualization, O'Reilly Media
- 11. Ted Sundstrom (2003). *Mathematical Reasoning: Writing and Proof*, https://www.tedsundstrom.com/mathematical-reasoning-writing-and-proof
- 12. Tilman M Davis (2016). The book of R: A First Course in Programming and Statistics
- 13. Tufte, E. (2001). *The visual display of quantitative information*, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Graphics Press

#### STS 551 MJ: Modern Statistical Inference – 4 Credits

#### Course Outcome (CO)

**Cognitive level** 

After completion of this course, the students will be able to

1.	understand the principles of data reduction	Understand
2.	understand the different families of distributions	Understand
3.	demonstrate the conceptual understanding of a minimum	
	variance unbiased estimation	Apply
4.	evaluate estimates with optimal properties from a given sample	
	with appropriate distributional assumptions	Evaluate
5.	obtain tests and confidence intervals with some	
	with optimal property	Evaluate
6.	understand the properties of MLE	Understand

#### Unit I

Data reduction, sufficiency, sufficient partition, Neyman factorization theorem, minimal sufficiency, completeness, ancillary statistics and Basu's theorem

One-parameter exponential family, multi-parameter exponential family and Pitman family of distributions, canonical form, convexity property, minimal sufficiency and completeness

#### **Unit II**

Unbiased estimator, estimability of parametric functions, Cramer-Rao inequality, uniformly minimum variance unbiased estimators, Rao-Blackwell and Lehmann-Scheffe theorems

Estimation Methods: Method of moments, Maximum likelihood estimation, restricted parameter space, inconsistent MLEs, MLEs in irregular cases, Introduction to nonparametric estimation and Bayesian estimation

#### **Unit III**

Testing of Hypothesis, Test function, MP tests, Neyman- Pearson lemma, UMP tests, nonexistence of UMP tests MLR property, Introduction to multiple testing problems

#### Unit IV

Confidence sets and intervals, shortest expected length confidence intervals, relation with

testing of hypotheses, UMA confidence intervals

#### **Books Recommended**

- 1. Casella, G. and Berger, R. L. (2002). *Statistical Inference*. Duxbury Advanced Series, Second Edition.
- 2. Efron, B. and Hastie, T. (2016). Computer Age Statistical Inference: Algorithms, Evidence and Data Science. Cambridge University Press
- 3. Kale, B.K. & Muralidharan, K. (2015) *Parametric Inference: An Introduction*, Alpha Science International Ltd.
- 4. Lehmann, E. L. and Romano, J. (2005). Testing Statistical Hypotheses, Springer
- 5. Lehmann, E.L. and Casella, G. (1998). Theory of Point Estimation. Springer, New York
- 6. Rao, C. R. (1995). Linear Statistical Inference and its Applications, Wiley
- 7. Rohatgi, V. K. and Saleh, A.K. Md. E. (2001). *Introduction to Probability and Statistics*, John Wiley & Sons, New York.
- 8. Shao, J. (2003). Mathematical Statistics, Springer-Verlag, New York,

#### STS 552 MJ: Regression Analysis & Applications – 4 Credits

#### **Course Outcome (CO)**

**Cognitive level** 

After completion of this course, the students will be able to

1.	solve problems involving simple and multiple linear regression	Evaluate
2.	carry out regression analysis given the data	Analyze
3.	carry out binary and multiple logistic regression	Analyze
4.	analyze nonnormal data using GLM	Analyze

#### Unit I

Simple linear regression, assumptions, inference, diagnostic checks and testing, polynomial regression, transformations, method of weighted least squares, inverse regression.

Multiple linear regression: Gauss Markov setup, inference, restricted parameter estimation,

Residual Analysis, Assumptions verification

#### Unit II

Variable selection problems, different methods of variable selection such as forward, backward, best subset etc., multicollinearity and ridge regression, penalized methods, least absolute selection and shrinkage operator (LASSO).

#### **Unit III**

Logistic regression: Logit, ML estimation, tests of hypotheses, Wald test, LR test, score

test, test for overall regression, multiple logistic regression, forward, backward method, interpretation of parameters, relation with categorical data analysis, odds ratio, inference on odds ratio, model over fitting coupled with bias and variance trade-off, logistic regression as a classifier, evaluation of models metric - sensitivity, specificity, Precision, recall, MAPE etc.

#### **Unit IV**

Generalized linear model (GLM): Link functions, Poisson, binomial, inverse binomial, inverse Gaussian, gamma etc., theory and applications to various data sets

#### **Books Recommended:**

- 1. Cameron, A. C. and P. K. Trivedi (1998). Regression Analysis of Count Data, Cambridge
- 2. Draper, N. R. and Smith, H. (1998). *Applied Regression Analysis*, John Wiley, Third Edition.
- 3. Hosmer, D. W. and Lemeshow, S. (1989). Applied Logistic Regression, Wiley.
- 4. Kleinbaum, D. G. & Klein, M. (2002). Logistic Regression: A Self-Learning Text, Springer
- 5. McCullagh, P. and Nelder, J. A. (1989). Generalized Linear Models, Chapman & Hall.
- 6. Montgomery, D. C., Peck, E. A. and Vining, G. G. (2003). *Introduction to Linear Regression Analysis*, Wiley.
- 7. Neter, J., W., and Kutner, M. H. (1985). Applied Linear Statistical Models, Wiley.
- 8. Weisberg, S. (2005). *Applied Linear Regression*, Wiley.
- 9. Yan, X. and Su, X. G. (2009). Linear Regression Analysis: Theory & Computing, World Scientific.

**Cognitive level** 

#### STS 553 MJ: Multivariate Analysis & Applications – 4 Credits

## Course Outcome (CO)

After completion of this course, the students will be able to

<ol> <li>carry out cluster analysis of given multivariate data</li> <li>solve problems involving multivariate normal distribution</li> <li>carry out statistical inference procedures using the data from a multivariate normal distribution.</li> </ol> Analy	1.	carry out an extensive exploratory multivariate analysis	
<ol> <li>solve problems involving multivariate normal distribution</li> <li>carry out statistical inference procedures using the data from a multivariate normal distribution.</li> </ol> Analy		for a given multivariate data	Analyze
4. carry out statistical inference procedures using the data from a multivariate normal distribution.  Analy	2.	carry out cluster analysis of given multivariate data	Analyze
a multivariate normal distribution. Analy	3.	solve problems involving multivariate normal distribution	Evaluate
•	4.	carry out statistical inference procedures using the data from	
5. carry out classification of given multivariate data  Analy		a multivariate normal distribution.	Analyze
	5.	carry out classification of given multivariate data	Analyze

#### Unit I

Exploratory multivariate data analysis, sample mean vector, sample dispersion matrix, correlation matrix, graphical representation, means, variances, covariances, correlations of linear transforms, introduction to principal component analysis, correspondence analysis, factor analysis, canonical correlation coefficients and canonical variables.

#### **Unit II**

Cluster analysis and multidimensional scaling.

Multivariate normal distribution, pdf and mgf, singular and nonsingular normal distributions, distribution of a linear form and a quadratic form of normal variables, marginal and conditional distributions.

#### Unit III

MLE's of the parameters of multivariate normal distribution and their sampling distributions, properties of the Wishart Distribution, tests of hypothesis about the mean vector of a multivariate normal distribution, Hotelling's  $T^2$ -statistic and its distribution, applications of Hotelling's  $T^2$ -statistic. goodness- of-fit of multivariate normal distribution. simultaneous confidence interval for the linear functions of the mean, Tests of significance for multiple and partial correlation coefficients.

#### **Unit IV**

Classification problem, discriminant analysis, Mahalanobis D<sup>2</sup>-statistic, methods and applications of MANOVA (without derivation of the distribution of Wilks' lambda)

Likelihood ratio tests, introduction to non-Gaussian multivariate distributions such as multivariate beta, t, and F distributions, Introduction to copula and its applications.

Directional and circular data and introduction to their analysis (exploratory analysis)

#### **Books Recommended:**

- 2. Anderson, T. W. (1984). Introduction to Multivariate Analysis, John Wiley
- 3. Fang ,K., Kotz, S., Ng K. W. (1990). *Symmetric Multivariate and Related Distributions*, Chapman and Hall
- 4. Härdle, W. K. & Simar, L. (2012). *Applied Multivariate Statistical Analysis*, Springer, New York
- 5. Härdle, W. K., Hlávka, Z. (2007). *Multivariate Statistics: Exercises and Solutions*, Springer, New York
- 6. Johnson R.A. & Wichern, D.W. (2007). *Applied Multivariate Statistical Analysis*, 6<sup>th</sup> Ed., Pearson Education
- 7. Kotz, S., Balakrishnan N. and Johnson N. L. (2000). *Continuous Multivariate Distributions, Volume 1, Models and Applications*, John Wiley & Sons,
- 8. Kshirsagar, A. M. (1983). Multivariate Analysis, Marcel Dekker
- 9. Manly, B. F. J., (2004), *Multivariate Statistical Methods A primer*, Chapman and Hall / CRC Florida
- 10. Mardia, K. V. and Jupp, P. E. (2000), Directional Statistics, John Wiley & Sons
- 11. Morrison, D.F. (1990). Multivariate Statistical Methods, McGraw Hill Co.
- 12. Rao, C. R. (1995). Linear Statistical Inference and its Applications, Wiley Eastern
- 13. Timm, N. H. (2002), Applied Multivariate Analysis, Springer, New York

#### STS 554 MJ: Data Analytics using R and/or Python (Practical) – 2 Credits

#### **Course Outcome (CO)**

Cognitive level

After completion of this course the students will be able to do data analysis using R and Python

- 1. carry out regression analysis given the data using R and Python Analyze
- 2. carry out binary and multiple logistic regression using R & Python Analyze
- 3. analyze non-normal data using GLM (Poisson, NB etc.) Analyze
- 4. analyze multivariate data which uses PCA, FA, MDS etc. Analyze
- 5. carry out clustering/classification given multivariate data

  Analyze
- 6. carry out statistical inference related to multivariate normal data (estimation, testing, confidence interval)

  Analyze

#### Unit I:

- 1. Simple & Multiple Linear Regression
- 2. Variable Selection Problem
- 3. Multicollinearity and Ridge Regression
- 4. Regularized Methods (LASSO)
- 5. Logistic regression (binary and multiple)
- 6. Poisson/Negative binomial regression
- 7. GLM

#### Unit II

- 8. Graphical representation of multivariate data
- 9. Principal Component Analysis, Correspondence analysis
- 10. Factor Analysis
- 11. Cluster Analysis
- 12. Canonical Correlations
- 13. BIAS and MSE of estimators, Power and Size of tests and Coverage of confidence interval comparison in univariate inference problems
- 14. Model Sampling from multivariate normal distribution
- 15. Applications of Hotelling's T<sup>2</sup>
- 16. MANOVA
- 17. Discriminant Analysis

#### **Recommended Books:**

1. All Recommended books in STS 551 MJ, STS 552 MJ and STS 553 MJ courses

#### STS 555 OJT: On Job Training / Field Practice – 4 Credits

6 weeks of internship in the industry with a minimum of 25 days (7 hours per day) working (log sheet required) along with an activity report / Conduct a field survey with the analysis and report with an equal amount of work/ Any other similar activity that requires an equivalent amount of work which has to be done in other Research Institutes under the guidance of researchers or Scientists

The Department will make efforts to get the OJT-FP opportunities for students. However, Students can approach the industry/Research Institute directly to get the OJT-FP.

There should be a supervisor from the organization/Institute from which the OJT-FP is being done apart from the internal supervisor. The completion certificate as well as the activity report should be signed by both supervisors.

The external supervisor will grade for 80% (40 CIA and 40 ETE) and the internal supervisor for 20% (10 CIA and 10 ETE) of the OJT-FP.

The Dept. placement cell coordinator/committee should try to manage the OJT-FP/internship activities.

#### STS 601 MJ: Probability Theory – 4 Credits

#### **Course Outcome (CO)**

**Cognitive level** 

After completion of this course, the students will be able to

- 1. understand the basics of measure-theoretic approach to probability Understand
- 2. solve problems related to probability measure and distribution function

Evaluate

3. solve problems involving expectations of random variables

Evaluate

4. examine the convergence of a sequence of random variables

Evaluate

5. understand the law of large numbers and the central limit theorem related to the sequence of random variables

Understand

#### Unit I

Review of Real and vector-valued random variables, Distribution functions (d.f.), discrete and continuous random variables, vector random variables and their distribution functions, Jordan decomposition of a d.f.

Expectation, Linear properties of expectations, Inequalities involving expectations and probability

#### **Unit II**

Independence of two events and n (> 2) events, sequence of independent events, independent

classes of events,  $\pi$ -system and  $\lambda$ -system of events

Dynkin's theorem (without proof) independence of random variables

#### **Unit III**

Convergence of a sequence of random variables, Various types of convergence and their interrelationships, Cramer's theorem (Slutsky's theorem), Fatou's lemma, monotone convergence theorem and dominated convergence theorem

Borel zero-one law, Borel-Cantelli Lemma, Kolmogorov zero-one law.

Laws of large numbers, weak (with proof) and strong (without proof) laws of large numbers,

#### **Unit IV**

Characteristic functions, Continuity theorem for characteristic functions, Inversion theorem (without proof)

Central Limit Theorem, Liapounov's and Lindeberg's central limit theorems (without proof), Implications and applications

#### **Books Recommended**

- 1. Athreya, K. B. and Lahiri S. (2006). *Probability Theory*, Hindustan Book Agency,
- 2. Bhat, B. R. (2007). *Modern Probability Theory: An Introductory Text Book*, New Age International
- 3. Billingsley, P. (1995). *Probability and Measure*, 3<sup>rd</sup>Ed., John Wiley, New York
- 4. Chung, K. L. (2001). *A Course in Probability Theory*, Third Ed., Academic Press, London
- 5. Gut, Allan (2005), *Probability: A Graduate Course*. Springer, New York

#### STS 602 MJ: Stochastic Processes – 4 Credits

#### Course Outcome (CO)

**Cognitive level** 

After completion of this course, the students will be able to

l.	understand the concepts related to the Markov chain and solve	Understand
	problems related to the Markov chain model	and Evaluate
2.	understand the concepts related to Branching processes and solve	Understand
	problems related to branching process models	and Evaluate
3.	understand the concepts related to birth-death processes	Understand
	solve problems related to these models	and Evaluate
4.	understand the concepts related to Poisson processes, Renewal	Understand
	processes etc. and solve problems related to these models	and Evaluate

- 5. understand the concepts related to Gaussian and related processes understand and solve problems related to these models understand and Evaluate
- 6. Generate all the processes/models mentioned in the syllabus Visualize and visualize the process and sample path

#### Unit I

The notion of stochastic processes, Markov chain, one-step transition probabilities, Chapman-Kolmogorov equations, evaluation of higher-step transition probabilities, classification of states, periodicity of a Markov chain, concept of closed class, minimal closed class, stationary distribution. Some examples such as gambler's ruin problems and one-dimensional random walks. Concept of absorption probabilities, use of these to compute the probability of winning the game by a gambler having initial capital 'c'

#### Unit II

Branching process, classification of states, identification of criticality parameter, extinction probability, the relationship between criticality parameter and extinction probability of the process, Expression for mean and variance of the process. Extinction probability, some epidemiological applications,

Introduction to Markov chain in continuous time, the concept of intensity rate, the relationship between intensity-matrix and matrix of transition probability function. Kolmogorov's forward and backward equations

#### **Unit III**

Introduction to the birth process, birth and death process, linear birth and death process, Growth model with immigration and related results, Expression for mean and variance of a birth process and, birth and death process, Applications of these processes.

#### **Unit IV**

Poisson process, two definitions and their equivalence, distribution of inter-arrival times, conditional joint distribution of inter-arrival times, compound Poisson process, some applications. Introduction to the renewal process, relationship with Poisson process, key and

elementary renewal theorems (without proof) associated with renewal processes, some applications

Brownian motion, hitting times, maximum variable and the Gambler's ruin problem

Gaussian Processes, Ornstein-Uhlenbeck process, Brownian bridge, geometric Brownian motion,

#### **Books Recommended**

- 1. Bhat B.R. (2000). Stochastic Models: Analysis and Applications, New Age International.
- 2. Feller, W. (1968). An Introduction to Probability Theory and its Applications, Vol. 1,

- Wiley Eastern.
- 3. Hoel, P.G. Port, S.C. & Stone, C.J. (1972). *Introduction to Stochastic Processes*, Houghton Mifflin
- 4. Karlin, S & Taylor, H.M. (1975). A First Course in Stochastic Processes (Second. Edition), Academic Press.
- 5. Medhi, J. (2010) Stochastic Processes, New Age Science Ltd.
- 6. Pinsky M. A. and Karlin, S. (2010). *An Introduction to Stochastic Modeling*, 4<sup>th</sup>Edn. Academic Press.
- 7. Ross, S. (2014). Introduction to Probability Models, 11th Edn. Academic Press.
- 8. Serfozo, R. (2009). Basics of Applied Stochastic Processes, Springer.

#### STS 603 MJ: Design and Analysis of Experiments – 4 Credits

#### **Course Outcome (CO)**

**Cognitive level** 

After completion of this course the students will be able to

1.	understand the concepts related to different designs including	Understand
	BIBD and solving problems related to them	and Evaluate
2.	understand the concepts related to different factorial designs	Understand
	solve problems related to them	and Evaluate
3.	understand the concepts related to response surface methodology	Understand and
	solve problems related to them	Evaluate
4.	understand the concepts related to Taguchi methods	Understand and
	solve problems related to them	Evaluate
5.	analyze the data using all the designs discussed in the course	Apply & Analyze

#### Unit I

Review of randomization, replication and local control, Analysis of one way classification model. Analysis of two-way classification model with equal number of observations per cell with and without interactions. Analysis of two-way classification model with unequal number of observations per cell without interactions, notion of connectedness, balance and orthogonality, analysis of BIBD and PBIBD

Analysis of covariance in one way and two-way classification models, testing of hypotheses for estimable parametric functions.

#### **Unit II**

Analysis of  $2^k$  full factorial experiments: diagrammatic presentation of main effects and first and second order interactions, model, analysis of single as well as more than one replicates, using ANOVA. Total confounding of  $2^k$  design in  $2^p$  blocks,  $p \ge 2$ . Partial confounding in  $2^p$  blocks, p = 2, 3, factional factorial experiments, Resolution of a design, (III, IV & V), aberration of a design.

#### **Unit III**

Response surface methodology (RSM): linear and quadratic model, stationary point, central composite designs (CCD), ridge systems, multiple responses, concept of rotatable designs, optimality of designs, simplex lattice designs, simplex centroid designs.

#### Unit IV

Taguchi methods: concept of noise factors, concept of loss function, S/N ratio, orthogonal arrays, triangular tables, linear graphs, inner and outer arrays. Random effect models and mixed models.

#### **Books Recommended**

- 1. Bapat, R.B. (2011). *Linear Algebra and Linear Models*. Springer and Hindustan Book Agency.
- 2. Dean, A. and Voss, D. (1999). Design and Analysis of Experiments, Springer.
- 3. George E. P. Box, Draper N.R. (1987). *Empirical Model-Building and Response Surfaces*, Wiley.
- 4. Hicks, C.R., Kenneth V. and Turner, Jr. (1999). Fundamental Concepts in the Design of Experiments, Oxford University Press.
- 5. Kshirsagar A.M. (1983). *Linear Models*, Marcel Dekker
- 6. Montgomery, D.C. (2001). Design and Analysis of Experiments, Wiley.
- 7. Ogawa, J. (1974). Statistical Theory of the Analysis of Experimental Design, Marcel Dekker.
- 8. Phadke, M.S. (1989). *Quality Engineering using Robust Design*, Prentice Hall, Englewood Cliffs, New Jersey
- 9. Wu, C.F. Jeff and Hamada M. (2000). Experiments: Planning, Analysis and Parameter Design Optimization, John Wiley and Sons

#### STS 604 MJ: Advanced Data Analytics using R and/or Python (Practical)

#### **Course Outcome (CO)**

**Cognitive level** 

After completion of this course the students will be able to

- 1. simulate various stochastic models discussed in STS 602 MJ Visualize
- 2. carry out the data analysis related to all the designs in STS 603 MJ Analyze

#### Unit I

- 1. Simulation of Markov chain and computing the stationary distribution of an ergodic Markov chain.
- 2. Simulation of branching process and estimating its mean and variance.
- 3. Simulation of Poisson and related processes.

4. Generating birth-death process and its limiting distribution.

#### Unit II

- 1. One way classification. Multiple comparison tests
- 2. Two way classification with equal number of observations per cell (Model with interaction). Two way classification with unequal number of observations per cell (Model without interaction)
- 3. Analysis of LSD and BIBD.
- 4. Analysis of covariance in one way and two way model.
- 5.  $2^k$  factorial experiments, Analysis of single replicate of  $2^k$ .
- 1. Total and partial confounding in  $2^k$  factorial experiments.
- 2. Random effect and mixed models
- **3.** Analysis of first and second order response surface model.
- 4. Central composite design. Contour and surface plots, Box-Behnken design, Small
- **5.** Taguchi methods: S/N ratio, orthogonal arrays, triangular tables, linear graphs, inner and outer arrays.

#### STS 631 RP: Research Project I – 4 Credits

#### **Course Outcome (CO)**

Cognitive level

After completion of this course the students will be able to

1.	read research papers	Understand
2.	Formulate a statistical data analysis project involving, collection,	
	coding, analysis (using elementary as well as advance statistical	Apply
	methods), and interpretation of results	Analyze
3.	Prepare presentation and report of a project using LaTeX	Apply

#### STS 631 RP: Research Project I Guidelines

- 1. STSRP3 Research Project I is an individual or Group Activity with a maximum of TWO students in a group.
- 2. As a part of this course, students should learn LaTeX document preparation and Beamer Presentation. (This can be done as a part of skill-based course as well).
- 3. Use real data sets for project problems, as far as possible.
- 4. There will one presentation and one viva-voce (each graded out of 25 points by the Supervisor) for the continuous internal assessment (CIA). In the presentation, students are expected describe their project problem, the data they are going to analyze and the objectives of their project. In addition to this, they should also mention their methodology. Students are expected to read at least THREE research papers which addresses similar kind of problems and they should include main contents of the papers in their first presentation as well as in final report. In the second presentation, students

- should discuss the results of their analysis, findings and new methodology they have introduced (if any). Students should make sure that they have something innovative in their project work.
- 5. The completed project report should be submitted to the Project coordinator on or before the last day of the semester.
- 6. All project groups are expected to make the final presentation as per schedule. Project draft report as well as the final presentation will be evaluated by an external examiner (out of 50 = Report 20, Presentation 15, Viva 15). When external examiner is not available, the Head may appoint an external examiner from the Department.
- 7. This can be a project with real data sets based on a live problem at an industry/Research Institute. In such a case, the industry-side supervisor can be also an evaluator along with the supervisor at the dept.

#### STS 651 MJ: Time Series Analysis – 4 Credits

#### **Course Outcome (CO)**

**Cognitive level** 

After completion of this course the students will be able to

1.	carry out an exploratory analysis of time series	Analyze
2.	understand the concepts of stationarity of a time series	Understand and
	and solve related problems	Evaluate
3.	test the stationarity of a time series	Analyze
4.	understand the theory related to linear time series models and	Understand and
	fit an appropriate linear time series model for the data	Analyze
5.	understand the theory related to estimation and forecasting	Understand and
	using a time series model and apply them for a time series data	Apply
6.	understand the theory related to ARCH/GARCH models and	Understand and
	analyze data using ARCH/GARCH models	Analyze
7.	use information criteria for the selection of models	Analyze
8.	understand the theory of INAR models and analyze count data	Understand and
	using Poisson INAR models	Analyze

#### Unit I

Exploratory time series analysis, tests for trend and seasonality. Exponential and Moving average smoothing. Holt -Winters smoothing. Forecasting based on smoothing, adaptive smoothing.

Time - series as a discrete parameter stochastic process. Auto covariance and autocorrelation functions and their properties, Portmanteau tests for noise sequences, transformation to obtain Gaussian series.

#### **Unit II**

Stationary processes: General linear processes, moving average (MA), autoregressive (AR), and autoregressive moving average (ARMA), Stationarity and invertibility conditions. Nonstationary and seasonal time series models: Autoregressive integrated moving average (ARIMA) models, Seasonal ARIMA (SARIMA) models, Transfer function models (Time series regression).

#### **Unit III**

Forecasting in time series models, Durbin-Levinson algorithm, innovation algorithm (without proof), Estimation of mean, auto covariance and autocorrelation functions, Yule-Walker estimation, Estimation of ARIMA model parameters, maximum likelihood method, large sample theory (without proofs). Choice of AR and MA periods, FPE, AIC, BIC, residual analysis and diagnostic checking, Unit-root non-stationarity, unit-root tests

#### **Unit IV**

Multivariate Time series model, VAR models, Vector ARMA models.

Conditional heteroskedastic models, ARCH and GARCH, properties, examples, estimation & forecasting, extensions of ARCH & GARCH to asymmetric models.

Count time series models, INAR models, Poisson INAR models, Coherent forecasting

#### **Books Recommended:**

- 1. Brockwell, P.J. and Davis, R. A. (2003). *Introduction to Time Series Analysis* Springer
- 2. Chatfield, C. and Xing, H. (2019). *The Analysis of Time Series: An Introduction with R*. Chapman & Hall.
- 3. Cryer, J. D. and Chan, K-S. (2008). *Time Series Analysis with Applications in R.*, Springer
- 4. Fuller, W. A. (1996). *Introduction to Statistical Time Series*, 2nd Ed. Wiley.
- 5. Hamilton N. Y. (1994). *Time Series Analysis*, Princeton University press.
- 6. Kendall, M. and Ord, J. K. (1990). Time Series, 3rd Ed. Edward Arnold.
- 7. Lutkepohl, H. (2005). New Introduction to Multiple Time Series Analysis, Springer
- 8. Shumway, R. H.and Stoffer, D. S. (2010). *Time Series Analysis & Its Applications*, Springer.
- 9. Tsay, R. S. (2010). Analysis of Financial Time Series, Wiley.
- 10. Tsay, R. S. (2012). An Introduction to Financial Time Series Data with R, Wiley.

#### STS 652 MJ: Bayesian Inference – 4 Credits

#### **Course Outcome (CO)**

Cognitive level

After completion of this course, the students will be able to

1. understand the concepts such as HPD, credible intervals, Bayesian Understand prediction and solve related problems

Evaluate

understand the concepts related to loss functions, posterior loss solve related problems
 understand the concepts of choosing an appropriate prior and solve prior-posterior related problems
 understand the concepts related to Bayesian model selection solve related problems
 Understand and Evaluate
 Understand and Evaluate

6. compute estimators using Bayesian computing techniques such as Understand and MH, GIBBS, EM and MCMC algorithms and carry out the Apply/Evaluate convergence diagnostics procedures using R/WinBUGS

Understand

5. understand the asymptotics related to posterior distribution

#### Unit I

Basics of minimaxity, subjective and frequentist probability, Bayesian inference, prior distributions, posterior distribution, loss function, principle of minimum expected posterior loss, quadratic and other common loss functions, advantages of being a Bayesian. Improper priors, common problems of Bayesian inference, point estimators, Bayesian HPDconfidence intervals, testing, credible intervals, prediction of a future observation

#### **Unit II**

Bayesian analysis with subjective prior, robustness and sensitivity, classes of priors, conjugate class, neighbourhood class, density ratio class, different methods of construction of objective priors: Jeffrey's prior, probability matching prior, conjugate priors and mixtures, posterior robustness: measures and techniques.

#### Unit III

Model selection and hypothesis testing based on objective probabilities and Bayes factors large sample methods:

Limit of posterior distribution, consistency of posterior distribution, asymptotic normality of posterior distribution.

#### **Unit IV**

Bayesian computations: Analytic approximation, E-M Algorithm, Monte Carlo sampling, Markov Chain Monte Carlo Methods, Metropolis-Hastings Algorithm, Gibbs sampling, examples, convergence and diagnostic issues

#### **Books Recommended**

- 1. Albert, J. (2009). Bayesian Computation with R, Springer
- 2. Berger, J. O. (1985). Statistical Decision Theory and Bayesian Analysis, Springer
- 3. Bolstad, W. M. (2007). *Introduction to Bayesian Statistics*, 2nd Edn. Wiley,
- 4. Christensen R, Johnson, W., Branscum, A. and Hanson T. E. (2011). *Bayesian Ideas and Data Analysis: An Introduction for Scientists and Statisticians*, Chapman & Hall.
- 5. Congdon, P. (2006). Bayesian Statistical Modeling, Wiley
- 6. Gelman, A., Crlin, J. B., Dunson, D. B., Vehtari, A. and Rubin, D. B. (2013). *Bayesian Data Analysis*, CRC Press.

- 7. Ghosh, J. K., Delampady M. and T.Samantha (2006). *An Introduction to Bayesian Analysis: Theory & Methods*, Springer.
- 8. Hoff, P. D. (2009). A First Course in Bayesian Statistical Methods, Springer
- 9. Jim, A. (2009). Bayesian Computation with R, 2nd Edn, Springer.
- 10. Lee, P. M. (2012). Bayesian Statistics: An Introduction, 4th Edn., Wiley
- 11. Marin, J-M. and Robert, C. P. (2014). Bayesian Essentials with R. Springer
- 12. Ntzoufras, I. (2008). Bayesian Modeling Using WinBUGS, Wiley.
- 13. Rao. C.R. and Day. D. (2006). *Bayesian Thinking, Modeling & Computation, Handbook of Statistics*, Vol. 25. Elsevier
- 14. Turkman, M. A. A., Paulino, C. D. and Muller, P. (2019). Computational Bayesian Statistics: An Introduction, CUP

#### STS 653 MJ: Sampling Methods and Applications – 4 Credits

#### **Course Outcome (CO)**

**Cognitive level** 

After completion of this course the students will be able to

1.	understand the concepts related various standard sampling	Understand
	designs and solve problems related to them	Evaluate
2.	understand the concepts related to cluster, double and	Understand and
	multi-stage sampling and solve problems related to them	Evaluate
3.	understand the concepts related to various methods of	Understand and
	imputing the missing data and solve related problems	Evaluate
4.	understand the concept of super population model and	Understand and
	solve related problems	Evaluate
5.	understand the concepts of network and adaptive sampling	Understand and
	solve related problems	Evaluate
6.	design an appropriate survey and provide the related analysis	Apply and
	Analyze	

#### Unit I

Review of basic\ methods of simple random sampling and stratified random sampling, Use of supplementary information for estimation, ratio and regression estimators with their properties and generalizations,

Systematic sampling, PPS sampling, Estimation problems, Hansen-Horwitz estimator and its properties, Horwitz-Thompson estimator and its properties, Midzuno-Sen method

#### Unit II

Cluster sampling, multistage sampling, Double sampling procedures and their ratio and regression estimators, stratification estimator, Multiphase sampling.

Non-sampling errors, response and non-response errors, Hansen and Hurwitz's model and their treatments, methods of imputation, randomized response, Warner's model, Franklin's model, Jackknife technique.

#### **Unit III**

Inference under super population model, model-assisted and model-based inference, Robustness of designs and predictors, Bayesian inference, Spatial Smoothing, Sampling on Successive Occasions: Panel Rotation, Non-Response and Not-at-Homes, Weighting Adjustments and Imputation, Time Series Approach in Repeated Sampling, Comparison of strategies under super population models

#### **Unit IV**

Network and Adaptive Procedures, Estimation by Network and by Adaptive Sampling, Constraining Network Sampling and Constraining Adaptive Sampling

Design an appropriate survey with a group of not more than FOUR students, collect the relevant data using the sampling design adopted, carry out the analysis of the data collected. (The entire exercise should be carried out under the supervision of the concerned teacher. This exercise can be considered as a CIA component).

Note: Students should undertake a sample survey and the related analysis during the tenure of this course as a part of the practical application.

#### **Books Recommended**

- 1. Arnab, R. (2017). Survey Sampling: Theory & Applications, Academic Press
- 2. Chaudhuri, A. (2014). Modern Survey Sampling, CRC Press
- 3. Cochran, W.G. (1984). Sampling Techniques, Wiley.
- 4. Des Raj and Chandhok, P. (1998). Sample Survey Theory, Narosa.
- 5. Gal, I. and Ograjens ek, I. (2017). Official Statistics and Statistics Education: Bridging the Gap, *Journal of Official Statistics*, Vol. 33, No. 1, pp. 79–100
- 6. Latpate, R., Kshirsagar, J., Gupta V. and Chandra, G. (2021). *Advanced Sampling Methods*, Springer.
- 7. Okafor, C (2002). Sample survey Theory with Applications, Snaap Press Ltd.
- 8. Singh, D. and Chaudhary F.S (1986). *Theory and Analysis of Sample Survey Designs*, Wiley Eastern Limited.
- 9. Singh, S. (2003). *Advance Sampling Theory and Applications* (Volume I and II), Kluwer Academic Publishers.
- 10. Sukhatme, P.V, Suktatme, B.V., Sukhatme, S. and Asok, C. (1984). *Sampling Theory of Surveys with Applications*, Indian Society for Agricultural Statistics, NewDelhi.
- 11. Thmpson, S. K. (2012). Samplig, 3<sup>rd</sup>Edn., Wiley

#### STS 681 RP: Research Project II – 6 Credits

#### **Course Outcome (CO)**

**Cognitive level** 

After completion of this course, the students will be able to

1. formulate a statistical research problem and solve it

2. write One/Two Research papers and publish them in a Scopus Indexed Journal

3. prepare presentation and project report

4. prepare Research Papers

Apply/Develop Research/Publish

Apply Research

#### **Project Guidelines:**

1. STSRP4 Research Project II is an individual or Group Activity with a maximum of THREE students in a group.

- 2. Formulate/Propose a problem and develop new methodology/algorithm for solving the proposed problem.
- 3. Prepare a report which is equivalent to the old M.Phil degree.
- 4. Preparation of ONE/TWO research papers is mandatory for this project. Thus, the original contribution in the form of an algorithm/Or methodology is mandatory.
- 5. There will be one presentation and one viva-voce (each graded out of 25 points by the Supervisor) for the continuous internal assessment (CIA). In the presentation, students are expected to describe their project problem, the data they are going to analyze and the objectives of their project. In addition to this, they should also mention their methodology. Students are expected to read at least THREE research papers which address similar kinds of problems and they should include the main contents of the papers in their first presentation as well as in the final report. In the second presentation, students should discuss the results of their analysis, findings and new methodology they have introduced (if any). Students should make sure that they have something innovative in their project work.
- 6. The completed project report should be submitted to the Project Coordinator on or before the last day of the semester.
- 7. All project groups are expected to make the final presentation as per schedule. The project draft report as well as the final presentation will be evaluated by an external examiner (out of 50 = Report 20, Presentation 15, Viva 15). When an external examiner is not available, the Head may appoint an external examiner from the Department.

#### **ELECTIVE COURSES**

All elective courses are of 4 credits

#### Electives - Semester I

#### STS 510 MJ: Optimization Techniques

#### Course Outcome (CO)

**Cognitive level** 

After completion of this course, the students will be able to

1.	formulate and solve Linear, Integer and dynamic programming	Understand
	problems using advanced methods	Apply
2.	understand the concepts related to assignment and transportation	Understand
	and solve related problems	Apply
3.	understand the theory related to nonlinear programming	Understand and
	problems and solve them	Apply
4.	understand the concepts related to network models and	Understand and
	solve problems of network analysis	Apply

#### Unit I

Linear programming: Review

The computational complexity of LPP, ellipsoid method, polynomial time algorithm, Karmarkar's polynomial time algorithm, convergence and complexity, duality theory and dual simplex method

Integer linear programming problem: pure and mixed integer programming problem, Gomory's all integer programming method. fractional cut method- all integer and mixed integer linear programming problems, branch and bound method, cutting planes

Dynamic programming, sensitivity, Bellman's optimality principle, stochastic dynamic programming

#### Unit II

Transportation and assignment problems, recent algorithms for solving these problems

#### **Unit III**

Nonlinear programming: Karush-Kuhn-Tucker conditions, convexity, quadratic programming, Wolfes, Beales and Fletchers algorithms for solving quadratic programming problems. Convex problems, duality in nonlinear programming, mixed integer models.

#### **Unit IV**

Networking models: Network flows, maximal flow in the network, transportation problems, transhipment problems and assignment problems as networking problems. Network scheduling by PERT/CPM techniques, resource analysis in network scheduling.

#### **Books Recommended**

- 1. Bertsekas, D. (1999). Nonlinear Programming, 2nd Edn. Athena Scientific.
- 2. Chong, E. K. P. and Zak, S. (2004). An Introduction to Optimization, Wiley.
- 3. Fletcher, R. (2000). Practical Methods of Optimization, Wiley
- 4. Hadley, G. (1987). Linear Programming. Addison-Wesley.
- 5. Hiller, F.S. and Lieberman, G.J., (2009). *Introduction to Operations Research* (9th ed.), McGraw-Hill
- 6. Kambo, N.S. (1991). *Mathematical Programming Techniques*. Affiliated East-West press.
- 7. Panneerselvam, R. (2012). Operations Research, 2nd Edn. Prentice Hall of India.
- 8. Sinha, S. M. (2006) Mathematical Programming: Theory and Methods, Elsevier's
- 9. Taha, H. A. (2016) Operations Research: An Introduction, 10th edition, Prentice Hall
- 10. Winston, W.L., (2003) Introduction to Mathematical Programming (4th ed.), Duxbury Press

### STS 511 MJ: Graph Theory

#### **Course Outcome (CO)**

**Cognitive level** 

After completion of this course, the students will be able to

1.	learn different types of graphs and their properties	Understand
2.	learn characterizations of different graphs	Understand
3.	formulate and solve problems on graph theory	Evaluate
4.	apply graph theory to network-related problems	Apply
5.	learn and apply different algorithms in graph theory	Apply

#### Unit I

Introduction to Graphs & its Applications, Basics of Paths, Cycles, and Trails, Connection, Bipartite Graphs, Eulerian Circuits, Vertex Degrees and Counting, Degree-sum formula, The Chinese Postman Problem and Graphic Sequences.

Trees and Distance, Properties of Trees, Spanning Trees and Enumeration, Matrix-tree computation, Cayley's Formula, Prufer code.

#### **Unit II**

Matchings and Covers, Hall's Condition, Min-Max Theorem, Independent Sets, Covers and Maximum Bipartite Matching, Augmenting Path Algorithm, Weighted Bipartite Matching, Hungarian Algorithm, Network flow problems, Ford-Fulkerson algorithm.

Stable Matchings and Faster Bipartite Matching, Factors & Perfect Matching in General Graphs, Matching in General Graphs: Edmonds' Blossom Algorithm

#### **Unit III**

Connectivity and Paths, Cuts and Connectivity, k-Connected Graphs, Network Flow Ford-Fulkerson Labeling Algorithm, Max-Flow Min-cut Theorem

Vertex Coloring and Upper Bounds, Brooks' Theorem and Color-Critical Graphs, Counting Proper Colorings.

#### **Unit IV**

Planar Graphs, Characterization of Planar Graphs, Line Graphs and Edge-coloring, Hamiltonian Graph, Traveling Salesman Problem and NP-Completeness, Dominating Sets.

#### **Recommended Books**

- 1. Berge, C. (1973). Graphs and Hypergraphs, North Holland/Elsevier
- 2. Bondy, J. A. and Murty, U. S. R. (2008). Graph Theory, Springer.
- 3. Clark, J. and Holton, D. A. (1991). A First Look at Graph Theory, Pearson
- 4. Diestel, R. (2000). Graph Theory, Springer (low price edition).
- 5. Douglass B West (????). Introduction to Graph Theory, Prentice Hall
- 6. Harry (1989). Graph Theory, Narosa
- 7. Kleinberg, J and Tardos, E. (2005). *Algorithm Design*, Addison-Wesley
- 8. West, D. B. (2001) Introduction to Graph Theory, Prentice Hall
- 9. Wilson, R. J. (2003). *Introduction to Graph Theory*, Pearson

#### STS 512 MJ: Reliability & Statistical Quality Control

## Course Outcome (CO) Cognitive level

After completion of this course, the students will be able to

1.	understand different types of systems and evaluate the reliability	understand and
	of such systems	Evaluate
2.	understand the concepts of ageing of systems and classify them	Understand and
	based on ageing properties	Evaluate
3.	evaluate the bounds of reliability of simple systems	Evaluate
4.	understand the concepts related to replacement models and	Understand and
	evaluate or compare replacement policies	Evaluate
5.	understand the concepts related to CUSUM and EWMA charts	Understand and
	and evaluate measures associated with these charts	Evaluate
6.	make economic design of control charts	Evaluate
7.	carry out process capability analysis	Evaluate
8.	construct control charts for vector-valued quality characteristics	Evaluate
9.	design sampling plans	Evaluate

# Unit I

Coherent structures, representation of coherent systems in terms of paths and cuts, modules of coherent systems. Reliability of system of independent components, association of random variables, bounds on system reliability, improved bounds on system reliability using modular decompositions.

Shape of the system reliability function, applications to relay circuits and safety monitoring systems, notion of aging and life distributions of coherent systems, distributions with increasing failure rate average arising from shock models, preservation of life distribution classes under reliability operations. Reliability bounds, mean life series and parallel systems.

#### **Unit II**

Classes of life distributions applicable in replacement models, shock models, age replacement and block replacement policies, renewal theory useful in replacement models, replacement policy comparisons, preservation of life distribution classes under reliability operations.

#### **Unit III**

CUSUM chart for process mean, CUSUM chart for process variability, tabular CUSUM. EWMA chart for process mean. EWMA chart for process variability. Comparison of Shewhart control charts with CUSUM chart and EWMA chart.

Economic designing of control charts, Duncan's model, concepts of conforming run length (CRL), CRL chart, properties of CRL chart, average run length (ARL), average time to signal (ATS), ARL and ATS models to obtain the design parameters.

# **Unit IV**

Process capability analysis

Synthetic and 'Group Runs' (GR) control charts, multi-attribute control charts, multivariate control charts for mean vector and covariance matrix.

Acceptance sampling plans, chain sampling plans, Bayesian sampling plans

- 1. Barlow, R. E. and Proschan, F. (1975). *Statistical Theory of Reliability and Life Testing: Probability Models*. Holt, Rinehart and Winston Inc.
- 2. Barlow, R. E. and Proschan, F. (1996). *Mathematical Theory of Reliability*. John Wiley.
- 3. Guenther, W. C. (1977). Sampling Inspection in Statistical Quality Control, Alan Stuart.
- 4. Levenson, W. (2011). Statistical Process Control for Real-World Applications. CRC Press
- 5. Montgomery, D. C. (2005). Introduction to Statistical Quality Control, Wiley.
- 6. Tobias, P. A. and Trindane, D. C. (1995). *Applied Reliability*, Second edition. CRC Press.

# STS 513 MJ: Actuarial Statistics

# **Course Outcome (CO)**

# **Cognitive level**

After completion of this course the students will be able to

1.	understand the concepts related to force mortality, future life	Understand and
	random variables and solve associated problems	Evaluate
2.	understand the concepts of present value of money, related	Understand and
	theory and solve associated problems	Evaluate
3.	understand the concepts of annuity, related theory and	understand and
	solve associated problems	Evaluate
4.	understand the theory associated with the premium calculation of	Understand and
	insurance products evaluate premium in such cases	Evaluate

#### Unit I

Future lifetime random variable, its distribution function and density function, concept of force of mortality, curtate future llifetime random variable its probability mass function, deferred probabilities, all these functions in terms of international actuarial notation. Analytical laws of mortality such as Gompertz' law and Makeham's law, single decrement life table, select and ultimate life table

# **Unit II**

Concept of compound interest rate, discount factor, present value of the money, nominal rate of interest, force of interest, assurance contracts with level and varying benefits, such as whole life insurance, term insurance endowment insurance. Means and variances of the present value random variables of the payments under these contracts under the assumption of constant force of interest, when the benefit payments are made at the end of year of death (discrete set up) or when it is paid at the epoch of death (continuous set up). Actuarial present value of the benefit, net single premiums

#### **Unit III**

Annuity contracts, annuity certain, discrete annuity, monthly annuity, continuous annuity, deferred annuity, present values and accumulated values of these annuities. Continuous life annuity, discrete life annuity, such as whole life annuity, temporary life annuity, n-year certain and life annuity, life annuities with monthly payments, present value random variables for these annuity payments, their means and variances, actuarial present value of the annuity

# **Unit IV**

Loss at issue random variable, various principles to decide net premiums for insurance products and annuity schemes defined in unit II and III, fully continuous premiums and fully discrete premiums, True monthly payment premiums. Extended equivalence principle to decide gross premiums, concept of reserve, prospective & retrospective approach, fully continuous reserve, fully discrete reserve

- 1. Bowers, JR. N.L., Gerber, H.U., Hickman, J.C., Jones, D.A. and Nesbitt, C.J. (1997). *Actuarial Mathematics*, 2nd Edn., The Society of Actuaries.
- 2. Deshmukh S.R. (2009). *Actuarial Statistics: An Introduction Using R*, Universities Press.
- 3. Harriett, E.J. and Dani, L. L.(1999). *Principles of Insurance: Life, Health, and Annuities*, 2nd Edn., Life Office Management Association.
- 4. Neill, Alistair (1977). Life Contingencies, The Institute of Actuaries.
- 5. Palande, P. S., Shah, R. S. and Lunawat, M. L. (2003). *Insurance in India Changing Policies and Emerging Opportunities, Response Books*.

# Electives - Semester II

# STS 560 MJ: Advanced Mathematical Analysis & Calculus

#### Unit I

Continuous functions, definition using open sets, uniform continuity, Lipschitz continuity, uniform convergence of sequences and series of functions, applications to power series.

# **Unit II**

Gradient vector and Hessian matrix, Inverse function theorem (without proof), implicit function theorem (without proof), extremum problems involving functions of several variables and their applications, constraint optimization of functions with several variables and their applications

#### Unit III

Riemann and Riemann–Stieltjes integrals, integration by parts, mean value theorem. Jordan content and Lebesque integrals

#### **Unit IV**

Improper Riemann – Stieltjes integrals: Improper integrals of first and second kind for one variable. Uniform convergence of improper integrals, differentiation under the sign of integral, Leibnitz rule,

Multiple integrals and evaluation of multiple integrals by repeated integration, Mean-value theorem for multiple integrals.

- 1. Abbott, S. (2001), Understanding Analysis, Springer, New York
- 2. Apostol T.M. (1975). *Mathematical Analysis: A modern approach to advanced calculus*. Addison-Wesley
- 3. Bartle, R. G. (1976). *Elements of Real Analysis*, John Wiley
- 4. Ghorpade, S. R. and Limaye, B. V. (2006). A Course in Calculus and Real Analysis, Springer
- 5. Ghorpade, S. R. and Limaye, B. V. (2010). A Course on Multivariable Calculus and

- Analysis, Springer
- 6. Goldberg R. R. (1976). *Methods of Real Analysis*, John Wiley
- 7. Kreyszig, E. (1975). Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Wiley Eastern
- 8. Kumar, A. and Kumaresan, S. (2014). *A Basic Course in Real Analysis*, CRC Press
- 9. Radulescu, T. T., Radulescu V. D., Andreescu T., (2009), *Problems in Real Analysis*, Springer, New York
- 10. Rudin, W. (1985). Principles of Mathematical Analysis, McGraw Hill
- 11. Rudin, W. (1985). Principles of Mathematical Analysis, McGraw-Hill
- 12. Trench W. F. (2012). Introduction to Real Analysis. E-book
- 13. Yau, D. (2013). A First Course in Analysis, World Scientific

# STS 561 MJ: Measure Theory

# **Course Outcome (CO)**

**Cognitive level** 

After completion of this course, the students will be able to

1.	learn and understand different concepts of measure theory	Understand
2.	learn the theory of differentiation and integration using measures	Understand
	and apply them for evaluating derivatives and integrals	Evaluate
3.	apply measure-theoretic concepts to probability theory	Apply
4.	evaluate integrals and connect to moments computation	Evaluate

#### Unit I

Measures, Measures on R and their properties (monocity, continuity etc.) Outer and Inner measure. Extension theorem, Lebesgue-Steiltjes measure, Completeness

# **Unit II**

Integration, Measurable transformations, induced measures, distribution functions, Riemann and Lebesgue integrals, Convergence, Countable additivity and continuity of integration, Uniform integrability, Vitali's theorem

#### **Unit III**

Differentiation, Continuity of monotone functions, Lebesgue-Radon-Nykodym theorem, signed measures, functions of bounded variations, Jordan's theorem, absolute continuity

#### **Unit IV**

Lp space and properties, Product measure, Fubini's theorem, Convolution of measures, Generating functions, Laplace Transforms

Convergence: Convergence in measure, a.s. convergence,

# **Recommended Books:**

Ash, R. (1972). Measure, Integration and Functional Analysis, AP

Athreya, K. B. (2006). Measure Theory and Probability Theory, Springer

Billingsley, (2012) Probability and Measure, Wiley

De Barra, G. (1981). Measure Theory and Integration, New Age International

Folland, G. B. (1999). Real Analysis: Modern Techniques and their Applications, Wiley

Rana, I. K. (2004). An Introduction to Measure and Integration. Narosa.

Royden, H. L. (1995). Real Analysis, PHI

Stein, E. M. and Shakarchi, R. (2005). Real Analysis: Measure Theory, Integration and Hilbert Space, Princeton

Tao, Terence (2011). An Introduction to Measure Theory. AMS

# STS 562 MJ: Functional Analysis

# **Course Outcome (CO)**

**Cognitive level** 

After completion of this course, the students will be able to

1.	formulate and solve Linear, Integer and dynamic programming	Understand
2.	learn the analysis of vector spaces	Understand
3.	understand the topological structures	Understand
4.	apply functional analysis for problems related to partial differentia	1
	equations and numerical analysis	Apply
5.	understand and solve linear and nonlinear problems posed on	Understand
	Spaces which are not finite-dimensional	Apply

#### Unit I

Metric and metric spaces, Open sets, continuous mappings, Topological spaces, Convergence of sequences, Completeness, Compactness, Fixed point theorem, Baire's category theorem, Principle of uniform boundedness

# **Unit II**

Normed Linear Spaces, norms and normed spaces, continuous linear transformations, Topological vector spaces

#### Unit III

Banach Spaces, Hahn-Banach Theorem, Open mapping theorem, Stone-Weierstrass theorem

# **Unit IV**

Lp spaces, duality, Riesz representation theorem

Hilbert Spaces, duality, Inner product space, Orthogonal complements, characterization of Hilbert space, Application to calculus of variations

# **Recommended Books:**

Conway, J. B. (2013). A Course in Functional Analysis, Springer

Kesavan, S. (2009). Functional Analysis, Hindustan Book Agency

Kreyszig, E. (1978). Introductory Functional Analysis with Applications, Wiley

Limaye, B. V. (1996). Functional Analysis, New Age International

Saxe, K. (2010). Beginning Functional Analysis, Springer

Simmons, G. F. (2003). Introduction to Topology and Modern Analysis, McGraw Hill

#### STS 563 MJ: Advances in Generalized Linear Models

# **Course Outcome (CO)**

Cognitive level

After completion of this course the students will be able to

1.	understand the general theory of GLM	Understand
2.	apply GLM for to data sets and arrive at meaningful conclusions	Apply/Analyze
3.	understand the concepts related to binary and multinomial	Understand and
	logistic models and apply them for various data sets	Apply/Analyze
4.	understand the concepts related to count data GLM and apply	Understand and
	them for various count data sets	Apply/Analyze
5.	apply GLM for correlated data sets	Apply/Analyze
6.	apply Bayesian methods for data analysis using GLM	Apply/Analyze
7.	apply GLM for the analysis related to data sets in various domains	Apply/Analyze

#### Unit I

Generalized linear models: model fitting and inference, exponential dispersion family distributions, likelihood and asymptotic distributions, likelihood-ratio/Wald/Score methods of inference, parameters, deviance, model comparison, and model checking, goodness of fit

#### **Unit II**

Binary logistic models, nominal responses: baseline-category logit models, ordinalresponses: cumulative logit and probit models, probit and complementary log-log models, multinomial response models

# **Unit III**

Models for count data, Poisson GLMs for counts and rates, Poisson/multinomial models for contingency tables, negative Binomial GLMS, models for zero-inflated data

Quasi-likelihood methods, variance inflation for over-dispersed Poisson and Binomial GLMs,

Beta-Binomial models and Quasi-likelihood alternatives, Quasi-likelihood and model misspecification

# **Unit IV**

Modeling correlated responses, marginal models and models with random effects normal linear mixed models, fitting and prediction for normal linear mixed models, Binomial and Poisson GLMMs, GLMM fitting, inference and prediction

Marginal modeling and generalized estimating equations (GEE)

Bayesian generalized linear models, Empirical Bayes and hierarchical Bayes modelling

Applications in survival analysis, insurance, engineering, Correlated survey responses etc.

#### **Books Recommended**

- 1. Agresti, A. (2015). Foundations of Linear and Generalized Linear Models, Wiley
- 2. Dobson, A. J. (2002). *An Introduction to Generalized Linear Models*, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed. Chapman & Hall
- 3. Jiang, J. (2007). Linear and Generalized Linear Mixed Models and their Applications, Springer
- 4. Jong, P. and Heller, G. Z. (2008) *Generalized Linear Models for Insurance Data*, Cambridge University Press.
- 5. Lindsey, J. K. (1997). Applying Generalized Linear Models, Springer
- 6. McCullagh, P. and Nelder, J. A. (1989). Generalized Linear Models, Chapman & Hall
- 7. McCulloch, C. E. and Searle, S. R. (2001). *Generalized, Linear and Mixed Models*, Wiley
- 8. Stroup, W. W. (2013). Generalized *Linear Mixed Models, Modern Concepts, Methods and Applications*, CRC Press

# STS 563 MJ: Statistical Methods in Epidemiology

# Course Outcome (CO) Cognitive level

After completion of this course the students will be able to

1.	utilize the basic terminology and definitions of epidemiology	Understand
2.	learn key features and applications of descriptive and analytic	Understand and
	epidemiology,	Apply
3.	use statistical techniques in the analysis, predictions and	Understand and
	presentation of epidemiological data,	Apply
4.	calculate and interpret ratios, proportions, incidence rates,	Understand,
	mortality rates, prevalence rate etc., to model the spread and	Apply and
	related aspects of a given epidemics so as to gain insight	Analyze
	into its management,	
5.	to use statistical methods for analyzing the shutdown strategy,	Apply and
	testing strategy, vaccination strategy etc.	Analyze

#### Unit I

Epidemiologic terms and parameters: Infection period, incubation period, latent period, number of asymptomatic carriers, disease frequency, disease frequency association, concept of prevalence, measures of risk, reproduction numbers, preventive reproduction numbers, infection rate, fatality rate, transmission intensity, doubling time, flattening of the curve, prevention strategies

## **Unit II**

Concepts of disease occurrence, chains of infections, disease occurrence patterns, SIR epidemic models, Reed-Frost chain binomial epidemic models, SIR and SEIR models, random networks for epidemics, models for spatiotemporal spread, incorporating the effects of interventions, predicting the course of the spread

Mathematical models developed for epidemics such as H1N1, COVID-19 spread, applications of SIR and SEIR models, assessment of lockdown effect, introduction to spatial epidemiology such as spatial exploration of epidemiological data, quantification of spatial patterns and clusters, spatial exposure assessment, methods for assessing risk with examples/models from H1N1 and COVID 19

#### Unit III

Epidemiological study designs, cohort studies, case-control studies, randomized control studies, intervention, statistical inference for the epidemiological parameters, Bayesian inference for latent (unobserved) variables (MCMC, adaptive MCMC); Inference for outbreaks when virus sequence data is available, Methods based on evolution of the virus by comparing virus sequences of diagnosed cases.

#### **Unit IV**

Testing, sensitivity, specificity and ROC curve related to diagnostic testing, sample size determination, pooled testing, composite sampling

#### **Recommended Books:**

- 1. Diekmann, O., Heesterbeek, H. and Britton, T. (2013) *Mathematical Tools for Understanding Infectious Disease Dynamics*, Princeton University Press
- 2. Held, L., Hens, N., O'Neill, P.D. and Wallinga, J. (Eds). (2019). *Handbook ofInfectious Disease Data Analysis*. CRC Press.
- 3. Yang, Z. (2014). *Molecular Evolution: A Statistical Approach*, Oxford University Press.
- 4. Armitage, P., Berry, G. and Matthews, J. N. S. (2002). *Statistical Methods inMedical Research*, Wiley.
- 5. Becker, N. G. (2015). Modeling to Inform Infectious Disease Control, CRC Press.
- 6. Elston, R. C. and Johnson W. D. (2008). *Basic Biostatistics for Geneticists and Epidemiologists: A Practical Approach*, Wiley
- 7. HardeoSahai and Khushid, A. (2009). Statistics in Epidemiology: Methods, Techniques and Applications, CRC Press

- 8. Krämer, A. Kretzschmar, M. and Krickeberg, K. (Editors) (2010). *Modern Infectious Disease Epidemiology: Concepts, Methods, Mathematical Models, and Public Health*, Springer
- 9. Lawson, A. B. (2006). Statistical Methods for Spatial Epidemiology, Wiley
- 10. Lawson, A. B. (2018). *Bayesian disease mapping: Hierarchical Modeling in Spatial Epidemiology*, CRC Press
- 11. Marschner, I. C. (2014). Inference Principles for Biostatisticians, CRC Press
- 12. Merril, R. M. (2015). Statistical Methods in Epidemiologic Research, Jones & Bartlett Publishers
- 13. Merrill, R. M. (2012). Fundamentals of Epidemiology and Biostatistics, Jones & Bartlett Publishers
- 14. Nigel, B., Daniel, P. and Debbi, S. (2018). *Quantitative Methods for HealthResearch* : A Practical Interactive Guide to Epidemiology and Statistics, Wiley
- 15. Pagano, M. and Gauvreau, K. (2018). Principles of Biostatistics, CRC Press
- 16. Stewart, A. (2016). *Basic Statistics and Epidemiology: A Practical Guide*, Fourth Edition, CRC Press
- 17. Sullivan, L. M. (2018). Essentials of Biostatistics in Public Health, 3rd Edition, Jones & Bartlett Learning

## STS 565 MJ: Medical and Health Statistics

# **Course Outcome (CO)**

**Cognitive level** 

After completion of this course the students will be able to

1.	understand different measures of disease occurrence, accuracy	Understand and
	of findings and diagnostic tests and evaluate them	Evaluate
2.	understand different ethical issues associated with medical	Understand
	and health studies	
3.	understand the theory associated with longitudinal analysis of	Understand and
	binary data from medical and health domain	Analyze
4.	analyze the data from matched case-control studies	Analyze
5.	estimate the survival function using K-M estimator from	Apply/Analyze
	survival data	
6.	carry out meta analysis of given data	Analyze

# Unit I

Study designs in epidemiology. Measures of disease occurrence and association, variation and bias, identifying non-causal association and confounding, communicating results of epidemiological studies, ethical issues in epidemiology

# **Unit II**

Defining and assessing heterogeneity of effects, interaction. Sensitivity and specificity of diagnostic test, cohort study designs, statistical power and sample size computations.

# **Unit III**

Log-linear models, 2xk and 2x2x2 contingency tables, logistic model, analysis of binary data. causal Inference, longitudinal data cross-control study designs, matched case-control studies

#### **Unit IV**

Survival data, product-limit estimator, proportional hazards model, multivariate survival data; Agreement and reliability, Meta-analysis

#### **Recommended books**

- 1. Agresti, A. (2002). Categorical Data Analysis, Wiley
- 2. Armitage, P., Berry, G., Matthews, J. N. S. (20) *Statistical Methods in Medical Research*, 4<sup>th</sup> Ed., Blackwell
- 3. Bland, M. (2015). An Introduction to Medical Statistics, OUP
- 4. Brookemeyer, R. and Gail, M. H. (1994). *AIDS Epidemiology : A Quantitative Approach*, OUP
- 5. Clayton, D. and Hills, M. (2013). Statistical Methods in Epidemiology, OUP
- 6. Daniel, W. W. and Cross, C. L. (2012). Biostatistics: A Foundation for Analysis in the Health Sciences, 10th Edition, Wiley
- 7. Diggle, P. J., Heagerty, P., Liang, K-Y and Zeger, S. L. (2013). *Analysis of longitudinal data*, OUP
- 8. Harris, M. and Taylor, G. (2014). Medical Statistics Made Easy, Vol. 1-3, Scion
- 9. Matthews, D. E. and Farewell, V. T. (2015). *Using and Understanding Medical Statistics*, 5<sup>th</sup> Ed., Karger
- 10. McCullagh, P. and Nelder, J. A. (1999). *Generalized Linear Models*, Chapman & Hall
- 11. Pagano, M. and Gauvreau, K. (2018). Principles of Biostatistics, Taylor & Francis
- 12. Piantadosi, S. (2017), Clinical Trials, 3rd Ed., Wilev
- 13. Rao, P. S. R. S. (2017). Statistical Methodologies with Medical Applications, Wiley
- 14. Rosner, B. (2010). Fundamentals of Biostatistics, Harvard
- 15. Selvin, S. (2004). Statistical Analysis of Epidemiological Data, 3rd Ed., OUP.
- 16. Zhou, X. H., Obuchowski, N. A., and McClish, D. K. (2011). *Statistical Methods in Diagnostic Medicines*, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed., Wiley

**Cognitive level** 

# STS 566 MJ: Statistical Methods in Microarray Data Analysis

# Course Outcome (CO)

After completion of this course the students will be able to

understand the experimental set up of microarray and quantify the information available, including normalization Apply
 choose appropriate inference procedures associated with Understand and

microarray data and apply them for the analysis

Apply/Analyze

formulate and implement multiple testing problems (FDR etc.)
 associated with microarray data
 carry out concordance/discordance analysis for microarray data
 apply PCA methods for microarray data
 apply cluster analysis methods for clustering microarray data
 Apply/Analyze
 Apply/Analyze
 Apply/Analyze

# Unit I

Microarrays and normalization techniques, introduction to Biology relevant to microarray experiment, microarray experimental set-up and quantification of information available from microarray experiments, data cleaning, transformation of data, Between array & within array normalization, quantile and LOWESS normalization, stage-wise normalization, concordance coefficient and its role in normalization

#### **Unit II**

Statistical inference procedures in comparative experiments, inference procedures for single channel microarray data, application of two sample t-test, Tests for validating assumptions of two-sample t-test. Application of Welch testand Wilcoxon rank sum test, Inference procedures for two-channel microarray data. Paired t -test, Tests for validating assumptions of paired t-test. Wilcoxon signed rank test, Comparison of more than two types of mRNA samples in single channel or two-channel microarray experiments. One-way ANOVA F test, one-way ANOVA Welch F test, Kruskal-Wallis test, pairwise t-test, pairwise Welch test and pairwise Wilcoxon rank sum test, Strip charts and its role to decide the profile of differentially expressed genes

#### Unit III

Multiple hypotheses testing and principal component analysis, adjustments for multiple hypotheses testing, adjusted p-values, false discovery rate and its application to microarray data analysis. Principal component analysis for microarray data, scree plot, plot of scores to rectangular matrix and the concept of ballot, its application to microarray

# **Unit IV**

Cluster analysis and logistic regression, hierarchical cluster analysis of microarray data, K - means cluster analysis of microarray data, application of logistic regression for microarray data, concept of AIC and BIC and its role to identify marker genes

- 1. Amartunga D. and Cabrera J. (2004). *Exploration and Analysis of DNA Microarray and Protein Array Data*. Wiley.
- 2. Deshmukh S.R. and Purohit S.G. (2007). *Microarray Data: Statistical Analysis Using R*, Narosa.
- 3. Draghici, S. (2003). *Data Analysis Tools for DNA Microarrays*, Chapman and Hall/CRC.
- 4. Dov, S. (2003). Microarray Bioinformatics, Cambridge University Press,
- 5. McLachlan, G.J. Do, K.A. and Ambroise, C. (2004). *Analyzing Microarray Gene Expression Data*, Wiley.
- 6. Simon, R.M, Korn, E.L. McShane, L.M. Radmacher, M.D. Wright, G.W. and Zhao,

- y. (2003). Design and Analysis of DNA Microarray Investigations. Springer.
- 7. Speed, T. (2003). Statistical Analysis of Gene Expression Microarray Data, Chapman and Hall/CRC.

# STS 567 MJ: Discrete Data Analysis

# **Course Outcome (CO)**

**Cognitive level** 

After completion of this course the students will be able to

1.	Able to develop a critical approach to the analysis of	Analyze
	contingency tables	
2.	Understand the the basic ideas and methods of	Understand
	generalized linear models	
3.	Able to link logit and log-linear methods with generalized	Understand
	linear models	
4.	To develop basic facility in the analysis of discrete data	Analyze

#### Unit I

Review of discrete probability distributions: binomial, multinomial, and Poisson. Likelihood, Tests for one-way tables using Pearson's chi-square and likelihood ratio statistics

# **Unit II**

Contingency tables  $2 \times 2$  and  $r \times c$  tables, tests for independence and homogeneity of proportions, Fishers exact test, odds ratio and logit, other measures of association.

Using 3-way tables with full independence and conditional independence, collapsing and Simpson's paradox.

#### Unit III

Generalized linear models in Poisson regression and logistic regression contexts for dichotomous response, modelling binary clusteted data, interpretation of coefficients, Generalized estimating equations, main effects and interactions, model selection, diagnostics, and assessing goodness of fit.

#### **Unit IV**

Polytomous logit models for ordinal and nominal response. Loglinear models (and graphical models) for multi-way tables. Inference in log-linear models with sparse data

Causality, repeated measures, generalized least squares, mixed models, latent-class models, missing data, and/or algebraic statistics approaches

# **Recommended Books**

- 1. Agresti, A. (2013). Categorical Data Analysis, 3rd Edition, Wiley
- 2. Anderson F. (2020). Categorical Data Analysis by Examples: Hands on Approach Using R.
- 3. Azen R and Walker, C. M. (2021). *Categorical Data Analysis for the Behavioural and Social Sciences*, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edn. Routledge
- 4. Friendly, M. and Meyer, D. (2016). Discrete Data Analysis with R: Visualization and Modeling Techniques for Categorical and Count Data, CRC Press
- 5. Hirji, K. F. (2006). Exact Analysis of Discrete Data, Routledge
- 6. Rudas, T. (2018). Lectures on Categorical Data Analysis, Springer
- 7. Santner, T. J and Duffy, D. E. (1989) *The Statistical Analysis of Discrete Data*, Springer
- 8. Tang, W. He, H. and Tu, X. M. (2012). *Applied Categorical and Count Data Analysis*.
- 9. Upton, G. J. G. (2017) Categorical Data Analysis by Examples, Wiley.

#### Electives – Semester III

# STS 610 MJ: Statistical Learning & Data Mining

# **Course Outcome (CO)**

Cognitive level

After completion of this course the students will be able to

1.	understand the concepts related to supervised and unsupervised	Understand
	learning methods and apply them for different data	Apply/Analyze
2.	understand the concepts of feature selection and feature	Understand and
	extraction	Apply/Analyze
3.	understand and apply the concepts of Regression Trees,	Understand and
	Random Forests, Bagging and boosting	Apply/Analyze
4.	understand the concepts related to SVM, Neural Networks, etc.	Understand and
	and apply them for analyzing data	Apply/Analyze
5.	understand the concepts related to text mining and	Understand and
	apply them in various contexts	Apply/Analyze
6.	apply clustering algorithms and related methods	Apply

# Unit I

Concept of statistical learning, inference vs prediction, types of errors in modelling (reducible, irreducible), assessing model accuracy via train-test and cross-validation approaches, biasvariance tradeoff, concepts of supervised and unsupervised learning, classifier performance via confusion matrix and related measures, ROC, K - nearest neighbourhood algorithm for

classification and regression, naïve Bayes and Bayesian networks.

# **Unit II:**

Feature selection and feature extraction, feature selection using exploratory and inferential statistical techniques, multiplicity issues, missing data imputation techniques, classification and regression trees, Classification error measures such as misclassification probability, Gini Index, Cross-Entropy, Cost-Complexity pruning, missing data in trees, bagging and boosting, random Forests, algorithms like Adaboost, XGBoostetc.

#### **Unit III**

Optimal separating hyperplane, soft-margin classifiers, support vector machines, handling nonlinear class boundaries via kernels, neural networks for classification and regression, projection pursuit regression, activation functions, hidden layers, feed forward and back propagation techniques in fitting.

#### **Unit IV**

Unsupervised learning methods such as self-organizing maps, association rule mining, K medoids clustering, methods for determining optimal number of clusters, introduction to text analytics, Zipf's law, concepts such as stop words, document term matrix, N-grams, sentiment analysis, topic modelling

## **Recommended Books**

- 1. Alpaydin, E. (2014), Introduction to Machine Learning, 3<sup>rd</sup> Ed. MIT Press.
- 2. Breiman, L., Friedman, J.H., Olshen, R.A. and Stone, C.J. (1984). *Classification and Regression Trees*. Wadsworth and Brooks.
- 3. Hastie T., Tibshirani R. and Friedman J. H., (2008). *The Elements of Statistical Learning: Data Mining, Inference and Prediction*. Springer.
- 4. James G., Witten, D., Hastie, T. Tibshirani, R. (2013). *An Introduction to Statistical Learning: With Applications in R*, Springer
- 5. Larose, D. T. and Laros, C. (2015). Data Mining and Predictive Analytics. Wiley.
- 6. Mohammad J. Zaki and Wagner Meira. (2014). *Data Mining and Analysis.* Fundamental Concepts and Algorithms. Cambridge University Press, New York.
- 7. Ripley,vB. D. (1996). *Pattern Recognition and Neural Networks*. Cambridge University Press
- 8. Shmueli, G., Patel, N. Bruce, P. (2010). Data Mining for Business Intelligence: Concepts, Techniques, and Applications in Microsoft Office Excel with XL Miner, Wiley.
- 9. Silge J. and Robinson D. (2017), *Text Mining with R A Tidy Approach*, OReilly Publication

# STS 611 MJ: Survival Analysis

# **Course Outcome (CO)**

# **Cognitive level**

After completion of this course the students will be able to

1.	evaluate the survival probability with respect to various ageing	Understand and
_	models	Evaluate
2.	estimate the survival function parametrically using various	Understand and
	parametric models from the given survival data	Evaluate/Apply
3.	estimate the survival function nonparametrically	Understand and
	from a given survival data (Kaplan-Meir estimation)	Evaluate/Apply
4.	understand the concepts related to the estimation of survival	Understand and
	function under a parametric regression set up	Apply/Analyze
5.	understand the concepts related to estimation of survival function	Understand and
	under a semi-parametric regression set up (Cox PH model)	Apply/Analyze
6.	understand the theory related to competing risk model and apply	Understand and
	them for the estimation of survival function under that set up	Apply/Analyze
7.	understand the concepts related to the point-process approach	Understand and
	of survival function estimation and analysis	Apply/Analyze
8.	understand the concepts related to frailty modeling and	Understand and
	Apply them for survival data	Apply/Analyze

## Unit I

Survival data, Concepts of time, order and random and hybrid censoring,

Life distributions - exponential, gamma, lognormal, Pareto, linear failure rate, ageing classes - IFR, IFRA, NBU, NBUE, HNBUE and their duals, bathtub failure rate.

Parametric inference, point estimation, confidence intervals, scores, tests based on LR, MLE

# **Unit II**

Life tables, failure rate, mean residual life and their elementary properties.

Estimation of survival function - actuarial estimator, Kaplan - Meier estimator, estimation under the assumption of IFR/DFR

# **Unit III**

Semi-parametric regression for failure rate - Cox's proportional hazards model, partial likelihood, estimation and inference methods for the Cox models, time-dependent covariates, residuals and model diagnosis, functional forms of the Cox models, goodness-of-fit tests for the Cox models,

Competing risk models, repair models, probabilistic models, joint distribution of failure times unconditional tests for the time truncated case,

Tests for exponentiality, two sample non-parametric problem

# **Unit IV**

Nelson-Aalen estimators, counting processes and martingales, modeling counting processes, regression models for modeling multiple events,

Frailty models, shared frailty models, identifiability of frailty models, frailty regression models, Bivariate and correlated frailty models, additive frailty models

## **Books Recommended**

- 1. Collett, D. (2003). *Modelling Survival data in Medical Research*, Second Edition, Chapman & Hall/CRC
- 2. Cox, D.R. and Oakes, D. (1984). Analysis of Survival Data, Chapman and Hall.
- 3. Deshpande, J.V. and Purohit, S.G. (2005). *Life Time Data: Statistical Models and Methods*, Word Scientific.
- 4. Duchateau, L. and Johnson, P. (2008). The Frailty Model. Springer: New York.
- 5. Hanagal, D. D. (2011). Modeling Survival Data Using Frailty Models. CRC Press.
- 6. Hougaard, P. (2000). Analysis of Multivariate Survival Data. Springer: New York.
- 7. Kalbfleish, J. D. and Prentice, R. L. (2002). *The Statistical Analysis of Failure Time Data*. New York: Wiley.
- 8. Klein, J. P. and Moeschberger, M. L. (1997). Survival Analysis: Techniques for Censored and Truncated Data, Springer, New York
- 9. Liu Xan (2012). Survival Analysis: Models and Applications, Wiley.
- 10. Moore, D. F. (2016). Applied Survival Analysis Using R, Springer
- 11. Therneau, T. M. and Grambsch, P. M. (2000). *Modeling Survival Data, Extending the Cox Model*, Springer, New York.
- 12. Wienke, A. (2011). Frailty Models in Survival Analysis, CRC Press: New York.

#### STS 612 MJ: Astrostatistics

# Course Outcome (CO)

Cognitive level

After completion of this course the students will be able to

1.	understand different types of astronomical data and their	Understand
	measurements, sources etc.	
2.	understand and apply the concepts related to smoothing of	Understand
	astronomical data and Apply	
3.	understand and apply the concepts related to the analysis of	Understand and
	astronomical data using regression techniques	Apply
4.	understand and apply the concepts related to the analysis of	Understand and
	astronomical data using multivariate analysis methods	Apply
5.	understand and apply the concepts related to the analysis of	Understand and
	astronomical data using time series techniques	Apply

#### Unit I

Basics of astronomy: observing the sky (naked eye, telescopes and instruments), distance scales, units Basics of astrophysics: blackbody radiation, relation between magnitude and

luminosity, stellar parallax and stellar distances, populations, clusters stars, galaxies and their distribution, scaling relations

Historical data driven discoveries in astronomy, sources and nature of astronomical data; syndication of data (archive, virtual observatory) Sloan Digital Sky Survey, vizier service, data on eclipsing binary stars, extra Galactic Distance Data Base (EDD), data on pulsars, gamma ray bursts etc

Nature of data gathering with discussion on the underlying statistical assumptions; sources of errors in measurement and calibration

#### Unit II

Data smoothing: density estimation, histogram method (choosing optimal bin-width), kernel density estimation (univariate and multivariate kernel density estimation, choosing band widths by cross-validation), adaptive smoothing (adaptive kernel estimators, nearest-neighbour estimators),

#### **Unit III**

Regression techniques: least-squares regression (symmetric least-squares regression, bootstrap error analysis, robust regression, quantile regression), non-linear regression non-parametric regression (Nadaraya-Watson estimator, local regression), model validation and selection, introduction to penalized regression

# **Unit IV**

Multivariate methods: outlier detection, quadratic discriminant analysis, model based clustering (Gaussian mixture models, estimation via EM), model validation and selection

Time series methods: basic time series methods, review of time-domain analysis, spectral analysis of evenly spaced data (Periodogram, Fourier power spectrum), spectral analysis of unevenly spaced data (non-Fourier periodograms, statistical significance of periodogram peaks, spectral analysis of event data)

**Note:** The concepts from above topics may be illustrated using case studies related to cosmology, big bang, LSS, gravitational wave, LIGO, TMT, SKA, stellar spectra and their classification, solar corona, helioseismology, neutron stars, pulsars etc.

#### **Recommended Books**

- 1. Andreon, S. and Weaver, B. (2015). Bayesian Methods for the Physical Sciences: Learning from Examples in Astronomy and Physics, Springer
- 2. Babu, G. J. and Fiegelson, E. D. (1996). Astrostatistics, CRC Press, London
- 3. Chattopadhyay, A. K. and Chattopadhyay, T. (2014). Statistical Methods for Astronomical Data Analysis, Springer
- 4. Feigelson, E. D. and Babu, G. J. (2012). *Modern Statistical Methods for Astronomy with R Applications*, Cambridge University Press
- 5. Feigelson, E. D. and Babu, G. J. (2012). Statistical Challenges in Modern Astronomy

- V, Springer.
- 6. Hilbe, J. M. (Ed.), (2013). Astrostatistical Challenges for the New Astronomy, Springer
- 7. Jenkins, C. R and Wall, J. V.(2012) *Practical Statistics for Astronomers*, 2ndEdition, Cambridge
- 8. Sarro, L.M., Eyer, L., O'Mullane, W., De Ridder, J. (Eds.) (2012). *Astrostatistics and Data Mining*, Springer

# STS 613 MJ: Financial Statistics

# **Course Outcome (CO)**

**Cognitive level** 

After completion of this course the students will be able to

1.	understand the concepts related to different financial	Understand and
	derivatives and solve related problems	Evaluate
2.	understand different types of options and the concepts related to	Understand
	binomial model and solve problems	Evaluate
3.	understand and apply the concepts related to Ito calculus	Understand
4.	understand the BSM model and evaluate the price of an option	Understand and
	using BSM model	Evaluate
5.	understand the concepts related to market risk and evaluation	Understand and
	of risk measures	Evaluate
6.	understand the concept of Interest rate models and solve	Understand and
	related problems	Evaluate

#### Unit I

Derivatives, hedging, forward and future contracts, Markets, prices, arbitrage and hedging Complete market, market risk and credit risks in the use of derivatives.

Options markets, properties of stock option prices, American and European options, Binomial model: One-step and two-step models, Binomial trees, Risk neutral valuation

# **Unit II**

Behaviour of stock price, Conditional expectation, martingales, Brownian motion and Geometric Brownian motion, Markov property, Ito integral, Ito/diffusion and mean reverting processes process, Ito Lemma.

#### **Unit III**

Black Scholes model: Distribution of returns, volatility, risk neutral pricing, equivalent martingale measure, Black-Scholes-Merton differential equation. Estimating volatility (historical data, implied volatility)

Capital Asset Pricing Models

Options on stock indices, currencies and futures

# **Unit IV**

Some exotic equity and foreign exchange derivatives, Greek Letters and hedging,

Market risk, Value-at-risk as a measure of risk, Expected Shortfall, Coherent Risk Measure

Interest rate derivatives, Black model, Models of the term structure of interest rates: one factor diffusion model, Vasicek, Cox-Ingersoll-Ross and Hull white models

#### **Books Recommended**

- 1. Baxter, M. and Rennie, A. (1996). Financial Calculus, Cambridge University Press.
- 2. Bingham, N. and Keisel, R. (1998). Risk-Neutral Valuation, Springer.
- 3. Bodie Z., Kane A., Marcus A. and Mohanty P. (2009). *Investments*, 8th Edn., McGraw Hill.
- 4. David, R. (2004). Statistics and Finance: An Introduction. Springer.
- 5. Hull, J. (2008). *Options, futures and other derivatives*, International 7th Edn, Pearson Prentice Hall.
- 6. Joshi, M. S. (2002). The Concepts of Mathematical Finance, Lecture Notes
- 7. Lindstorm, E., Madsen, H. and Nielsen, J. N. (2015). *Statistics for Finance*, CRC Press
- 8. Ross.S. (2003). *Introduction to Mathematical Finance*, Cambridge University Press.
- 9. Ruppert, D. (2015). *Statistics and Data Analysis for Financial Engineering: with R examples*, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed., Springer
- 10. Shreve, S. E. (2004). Stochastic Calculus for Finance I, Springer.
- 11. Shreve, S. E. (2004). Stochastic Calculus for Finance II, Springer.

#### STS 614 MJ: Statistical Foundations of Data Science

# Course Outcome (CO)

Cognitive level

After completion of this course the students will be able to

1.	understand the concepts related to L2 penalized/Ridge regression and apply them	Understand and Apply/Analyze
2.	understand the concepts related to penalized least squares in regression models and apply them	Understand and Apply/Analyze
3.	understand the concepts related to penalized least squares in generalized linear models and apply them	Understand and Apply/Analyze
4.	understand the theory related to high dimensional inference in linear regression apply them to high dimensional data	Understand and Apply/Analyze
5.	understand the theory related to high dimensional inference in generalized linear models and apply them	Understand and Apply/Analyze

#### Unit I

Review of multiple and nonparametric regression: multiple linear regression, weighted least-squares, ridge regression, bias-variance trade-off, L2-Penalized least squares, Bayesian

interpretation, Ridge regression solution path, kernel ridge regression

Regression in reproducing kernel Hilbert space, leave-one-out and generalized cross-validation

#### Unit II

Introduction to penalized least-squares: review of classical variable selection criteria, subset selection, relation with penalized regression, selection of regularization parameters

Folded-concave penalized least squares, Lasso and L1-regularization, nonnegative garrote, Lasso, adaptive Lasso, elastic net, Dantzig selector

# **Unit III**

Introduction to generalized linear models and penalized likelihood, Sparest solution in, high confidence set, variable selection via penalized likelihood

#### **Unit IV**

High dimensional inference, Inference in linear regression, inference in generalized linear, Gaussian graphical models

Feature screening, correlation screening, generalized and rank correlation screening, feature screening for parametric models, model-free feature screening, refitted cross-validation,

# **Books Recommended**

- 1. Blum, A., Hopcroft, J. and Kannan, R. (2020). Foundations of Data Science, CUP.
- 2. Fan, J, Li, R., Zhang, C-H and Zou, H. (2020). *Statistical Foundations of Data Science*, CRC Press
- 3. Hastie, T. and Efron, B. (2016). Computer Age Statistical Inference: Algorithms, Evidence and Data Science, CUP
- 4. Hastie, T., Tibshirani, R. and Friedman, J. (2017). *The Elements of Statistical Learning: Data Mining, Inference and Prediction*, 2<sup>nd</sup>Edn., Springer
- 5. Hastie, T., Tibshirani, R., Wainwright, M. (2016). *Statistical Learning with Sparsity: The Lasso and Generalizations*, CRC Press
- 6. James, G., Witten, D., Hastie, T. and Tibshirani, R. (2017). *An Introduction to Statistical Learning: With Applications in R*, Springer

# STS 615 MJ: Expert Systems with Applications

# Course Outcome (CO)

**Cognitive level** 

After completion of this course the students will be able to

1. understand the concepts of fuzzy theory and learn how it can be used for various decision making problems

Understand and Evaluate

understand the concepts of GA and apply them for various optimization problems
 understand various concepts related to neural network analysis and apply them for different data sets
 Understand and Apply
 Understand and Apply

#### Unit I

Introduction of expert system, fuzzy sets, operations on fuzzy sets, fuzzy arithmetic and relations, fuzzy logic and controllers, multi criteria decision making, multi attribute decision making, fuzzy decision making, applications of fuzzy set theory in reliability

#### **Unit II**

Introduction to the genetic algorithm (GA), Binary GA, Real coded GA, parameters of GA, different types of crossover operators, multi-objective GA, Pareto solutions, Elitist and non-elitist solutions, non-dominated sorting GA

#### **Unit III**

Constrained multi-objective GA, Modified GA, Convergence of GA, Elitist and non-elitist GA under constrained optimization

# **Unit IV**

Introduction to Neural network, the problem of network learning, multi-layer networks and back-propogation, Hebbian learning, Statistical aspects of learning, VC dimensions, Gauss-Newton Method. Hybridization of fuzzy, GA and NN with real world case studies.

# **Recommended books**

- 1. Buckley, W. S. J. (2004). Fuzzy Expert Systems and Fuzzy Reasoning, Wiley.
- 2. Deb, K. (2001). Multi-objective Optimization Using Evolutionary Algorithms, Wiley
- 3. Donald Waterman. (1986). A Guide to Expert Systems. Pearson India.
- 4. Goldberg, D. E. (1989). Genetic Algorithms, Addison-Wesley Professional
- 5. Klir, G. J. and Yuan, Bo. (1995). Fuzzy Sets and Fuzzy Logic: Theory and Application, Prentice Hall
- 6. Langley, P. (1995). Elements of Machine Learning, Morgan Kaufmann Series in Machine Learning
- 7. Mitchell, T. (1997). Machine Learning, McGraw-Hill
- 8. Nikolopoulose, C. (2019). Expert Systems: Introduction to First and Second Generation and Hybrid Knowledge Based Systems., CRC Press

# STS 616 MJ: Asymptotic Inference

# **Course Outcome (CO)**

Cognitive level

After completion of this course the students will be able to

1.	obtain CAN estimators under various situations	Evaluate
2.	understand the symptotic properties of MLE	Understand
3.	obtain asymptotic tests for various testing problems	Evaluate
4.	understand the concepts related to asymptotic efficiency in	Understand
	testing and evaluate the efficiency of tests	Evaluate
5.	understand the concepts related to local asymptotic normality	Understand
	and examine the LAN for various cases	Evaluate

# Unit I

Consistent and asymptotically normal (CAN) estimators for real and vector valued parameters, invariance property under continuous transformation, methods for generating CAN estimators for real and vector valued parameters using method of moments and method of percentiles. Comparison of consistent estimators, minimum sample size required by the estimator to attain certain level of accuracy

## **Unit II**

Asymptotic properties of Maximum likelihood estimates, inconsistent MLEs, Asymptotic distribution of MLE in special class of distributions: Cramer regularity conditions, Cramer- Huzurbazar theorem, extension to vector-valued parameters

#### Unit III

Asymptotic theory of tests of hypotheses: Tests based on MLEs. Likelihood ratio tests, asymptotic distribution of log likelihood ratio, Wald test, score test, Pearson's chi-square test and LR test, consistent test.

Asymptotic efficiency in testing, Pitman efficiencies, Bahadur slopes and Bahadur efficiency

Asymptotic confidence intervals: construction and examples.

#### Unit IV

Contiguity of probability measures, local asymptotic normality (LAN), efficiency of estimators, Le Cam's lemmas, limitations and redundancy of Cramer's regularity conditions,

- 1. Casella, G. and Berger, R. L. (2002). *Statistical Inference*. Duxbury Advanced Series, Second Edition.
- 2. Das Gupta, A. (2008), Asymptotic Theory of Statistics & Probability, Springer, New York

- 3. Deshmukh S. R. and Kulkarni M. G. (2021). *Asymptotic Statistical Inference A BasicCourse Using R*, Springer
- 4. Ferguson, T. S. (1996), A Course in Large Sample Theory, Chapman & Hall, London
- 5. Kale, B.K. & Muralidharan, K. (2015) *Parametric Inference: An Introduction*, AlphaScience International Ltd.
- 6. Le Cam, L. M. and Yang, G. (1990), Asymptotics in Statistics: Some Basic Concepts, Springer, New York
- 7. Lehmann, E. L. (1999), *Elements of Large Sample Theory*, Springer, New York
- 8. Lehmann, E. L. and Romano, J. (2005). Testing Statistical Hypotheses, Springer
- 9. Lehmann, E.L. and Casella, G. (1998). *Theory of Point Estimation*. Springer, New York
- 10. Rao, C. R. (1995). Linear Statistical Inference and its Applications, Wiley
- 11. Rohatgi, V. K. and Saleh, A.K. Md. E. (2001). *Introduction to Probability and Statistics*, John Wiley & Sons, New York.
- 12. Roussas, G. G. (1972), Contiguity of Probability Measures: Some Applications in Statistics, Cambridge University Press, London
- 13. van der Vaart, A. W. (1998), Asymptotic Statistics, Cambridge University Press, London
- 14. Shao, J. (2003). Mathematical Statistics, Springer-Verlag, New York,

#### **Electives - Semester IV**

# STS 660 MJ: Advanced Probability

# **Course Outcome (CO)**

sequences

**Cognitive level** 

After completion of this course the students will be able to

1.	understand the concepts related to decomposition of distribution, Radon-Nikodym derivatives and solve related problems	Understand and Evaluate
2.	understand the concept of Kolmogorov's consistency theorem	Understand
3.	understand the concept of convergence and solve related problems	Evaluate
4.	understand the concept of conditional probability and expectation	Understand and
	and solve related problems	Evaluate
5.	understand the concept of martingales and solve problems	Understand
	involving martingales	Evaluate
6.	understand the central limit theorem for martingale and mixing	Understand

#### Unit I

Measure and Integration, Integral of a measurable function with respect to a measure, its properties, L-p spaces, Hahn – Jordan decomposition, Lebesgue decomposition, Radon – Nikodym derivative, Product measure, Fubini's theorem, Convolutions.

#### **Unit II**

Probability spaces, Kolmogorov's consistency theorem Distribution Functions and their basic properties, Helly–Bray type results

## **Unit III**

Convergence in measure, Almost everywhere convergence, Kolmogorov inequality, Kolmogorov three series criterion and strong law of large numbers, Introduction to weak convergence

The Paul Lévy Continuity Theorem, Convergence in distribution in the multidimensional case - The Cramér-Wold device with examples

## **Unit IV**

Conditional probability and conditional expectations, their simple properties, discrete parameter martingales,

Limit theorems for dependent sequences of random variables, Martingale convergence theorems, central limit theorem for martingales, Mixing sequences, Mixing coefficients, Coupling and covariance inequalities, Central limit theorems for mixing sequences

#### **Books Recommended**

- 1. Ash, R. B. (2000). Probability & Measure Theory. Academic Press.
- 2. Ash, R.B. (1972). Real Analysis and Probability. Academic Press
- 3. Athreya, K.B. and Lahiri, S.N. (2006). *Measure Theory and Probability Theory*. Springer.
- 4. Athreya, S. and Sunder, V. S. (2008). Measure and Probability, CRC Press
- 5. Billingsley, P. (1986). *Probability and Measure*. John Wiley
- 6. Dudley, R. M. (2004). Real Analysis and Probability. Cambridge University Press.
- 7. Rosenthal, J. (2006). A First Look at Rigorous Probability Theory, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed. World Scientific.
- 8. Roussas, G. G. (2014) An Introduction to Measure-Theoretic Probability, 2nd Edition, Academic Press
- 9. Taylor, J. C. (1997). *Introduction to Measure and Probability*. Springer.
- 10. Williams, D. (1991). Probability with Martingales. Cambridge University Press.

# STS 661 MJ: Advanced Stochastic Processes

# **Course Outcome (CO)**

Cognitive level

After completion of this course the students will be able to

- 1. understand the concepts related advanced theory of Markov chain Understand and and solve problems related to this topic Evaluate
- 2. understand the general theory of Markov sequences and

Understand and

solve related problems

3. understand various advanced concepts related to stochastic processes

4. understand the concepts related to diffusion and related processes and solve related problems

Evaluate

Understand and Evaluate

#### Unit I

Markov Chains: Taboo probabilities and ratio limit theorems. Invariant measures:

#### **Unit II**

Markov Sequences: Definitions, transition densities, stationary distribution, normal Markov sequences, Markov pure jump processes

#### **Unit III**

Stochastic processes (general Theory): Probability spaces appropriate for stochastic processes, Kolmogorov's extension theorem. (only sketch of the proof), separability, progressive measurability and strong Markov property of stochastic processes

#### **Unit IV**

Diffusion processes: Definition, elementary properties, infinitesimal parameters, standard process and Dynkin's theorem, continuity and non-differentiability of diffusion processes. Modeling based on diffusion processes, standard Brownian motion, Ornstein-Ulhenbeck process and other processes, transformation of processes, distribution of hitting times and related problems, scale function and speed density, Kolmogorov's backward differential equations, forward differential equations (without proof), transition density and stationary distribution of a diffusion process.

## **Books Recommended**

- 1. Adke, S.R. and Manjunath, S. M. (1984). Finite Markov Processes, Wiley.
- 2. Ash, R.B. and Gardner, M. F. (1975). *Topics in Stochastic Processes*. Academic Press.
- 3. Athreya, K.B. and Lahiri, S.N. (2006). *Measure Theory and Probability Theory*. Springer.
- 4. Feller, W. (1969). An Introduction to Probability Theory. (Vol. II)
- 5. Karlin, S. and Taylor H.M. (1981). *A Second course in Stochastic Processes*. Academic Press.
- 6. Resnick, S. (2002). Adventures in Stochastic Processes, Springer
- 7. van Casteran, J. A. (2013). Advanced Stochastic Processes, University of Waterloo

# STS 662 MJ: Inference in Stochastic Processes

# **Course Outcome (CO)**

**Cognitive level** 

After completion of this course the students will be able to

5. understand the concepts related to inference associated with Understand and Markov chain model and solve related problems Evaluate 6. understand the concepts related to inference associated with Understand and Poisson and other pure jump processes and solve problems Evaluate 7. understand the concepts related to inference associated with Understand and diffusion and branching processes and solve related problems Evaluate 8. understand the concepts related to semi, nonparametric and Understand and Bayesian inference related to some stochastic process models **Evaluate** 

# Unit I

Inference in Markov chains, estimation of transition probabilities, testing for order of a Markov chain, estimation of functions of transition probabilities, parametric models andtheir goodness of fit, Markov sequences, estimation of parameters based on likelihood and conditional least squares, auto-regressive time series. Models for higher order Markovchains, (Raftery's long memory model), Statement of martingale strong law of largenumbers and CLT for martingales, CAN property of the MLEs from a general sequence of dependent random variables, Fisher information, applications to Markov chains and sequences

#### **Unit II**

Inference for Poisson process, Likelihood of Poisson and other pure Jump Markov processes from first principles, CAN property of MLEs, testing for a Poisson process, Inference for non-homogeneous Poisson process. Inference for parametric pure jump processes, such as birth process, birth-death process, birth-death-immigration processes.

#### **Unit III**

Diffusion processes and their likelihood, properties of estimators (without proof) Branching processes, ergodic and non-ergodic processes, inconsistency of MLE/moment estimators, properties of estimators on the non-extinction path, estimation of asymptotic distribution theory

# **Unit IV**

Elements of semi-parametric and non-parametric analysis, theory and applications of optimal estimating functions, estimation of transition and stationary density, intensity function of a counting process. Methods based on estimating functions, inference on panel data models.

Introduction to Bayesian inference for stochastic processes

- **1.** Adke, S.R. and Manjunath. S. M. (1984). *An introduction to Finite Markov Processes*, Wiley Eastern.
- **2.** Basawa, I.V. and Prakasa Rao, B.L.S.(1980). *Statistical Inference for Stochastic Processes*, Academic Press.
- **3.** Bhat, B. R. (2000). *Stochastic Models: Analysis and Applications*. New Age International.

- **4.** Billingsley, P. (1962). *Statistical Inference for Markov Chains*, Chicago University Press.
- 5. Broemeling, L. D. (2017). Bayesian Inference for Stochastic Processes, CRC Press
- **6.** Guttorp, P. (1991). Statistical Inference for Branching Processes, Wiley.
- 7. Guttorp, P.(1995). Stochastic Modelling for Scientific Data, Springer.
- **8.** Prakasa Rao, B.L.S. and Bhat, B.R.(1996). *Stochastic Processes and Statistical Inference*, New Age International.
- 9. Rajarshi M.B. (2013). *Inference for Discrete Parameter Stochastic Processes*, Springer India.
- 10. Rao, M. M. (2000). Stochastic Process Inference Theory, Springer

# STS 663 MJ: Computer Intensive Statistical Methods

# Course Outcome (CO) Cognitive level

After completion of this course the students will be able to

1.	understand and apply different sampling methods such as AR,	Understand
	importance, MH, Gibbs, etc.	Apply
2.	handle missing observation cases with methods related to	Understand and
	EM algorithm	Apply
3.	carry out bootstrap and jackknife methods for bias, standard error	Understand and
	estimation and confidence interval construction	Apply
4.	understand the concepts related to bagging and boosting and	Understand and
	apply them	Apply
5.	understand the concepts related to smoothing techniques and	Understand and
	apply them	Apply

## Unit I

Review of ARM, importance sampling, Metropolis-Hastings and Gibbs sampling algorithms. rejection algorithms for approximate Bayes computation (ABC-Rejection),

Particle filtering, Inference in Hidden Markov Models (HMM)

#### **Unit II**

Missing values and imputation techniques: Missing values and types of missing, imputation methods for missing values, single and multiple imputations. MCMC methods for missing values, EM algorithm and applications: EM algorithm for incomplete data, EM algorithm for mixture models, EM algorithm for missing values, stochastic EM algorithm.

# **Unit III**

Bootstrap methods, estimation of sampling distribution, various types of confidence intervals, variance stabilizing transformation, Jackknife and cross-validation, permutation tests. bagging and boosting methods with applications. Cross validation analysis

#### **Unit IV**

Smoothing techniques: kernel estimators, nearest neighbor estimators, orthogonal and local polynomial estimators, wavelet estimators, splines, choice of bandwidth and other smoothing parameters. statistical methods for big data analytics

# **Books Recommended**

- 1. Buuren, Stef van (2012). Flexible Imputation of Missing Data. Chapman and Hall.
- 2. Chihara, L. and Hesterberg, T. (2011) *Mathematical Statistics with Resampling and R.* Wiley.
- 3. Davison, A.C. and Hinkley, D.V. (1997) *Bootstrap Methods and their Applications*. Chapman and Hall.
- 4. Effron, B and Hastie, T (2016). Computer-Age Statistical Inference-Algorithms, Evidence and Data Science, Cambridge University Press.
- 5. Gilks, W. R., Richardson, S., and Spiegelhalter, D. (eds.) (1995) *Markov Chain Monte Carlo in Practice*. Chapman and Hall.
- 6. Good, P. I. (2005) Resampling Methods: A Practical Guide to Data Analysis. Birkhauser Bosel.
- 7. Jim, A. (2009). *Bayesian Computation with R*, 2nd Edn, Springer.
- 8. McLachlan, G.J. and Krishnan, T. (2008) The EM Algorithms and Extensions. Wiley.

# STS 664 MJ: Statistical Methods for Bio Computing

# **Course Outcome (CO)**

Cognitive level

After completion of this course the students will be able to

1.	understand different types of genetic data	Understand
2.	understand the concept of entropy, different entropy measures	Understand and
	and their applications in biological data analysis	Evaluate
3.	align different biological sequences using various algorithms	Apply/Analyze
4.	carry out molecular phylogeny analysis using different	Understand and
	methods	Apply/Analyze
5.	use of Markov chain algorithms for demarcation of a region in	Understand and
	Biological sequence analysis	Apply/Analyze
6.	apply different algorithms such as Verterbi's algorithm, Forward	Apply
	and backward algorithm, Baum – Welch algorithm etc.	Analyze
	for biological sequence analysis (use of HMM)	

## Unit I

Type of genetic data, differences and advantages of molecular data on morphological data, Character data and distance data, their relative merits and demerits, concept of entropy, entropy as a measure of uncertainty, entropy of single and combined scheme/s, measure of information content based on entropy, relative entropy its similarity with likelihood ratio. Applications of these to biological sequences

# **Unit II**

Alignment of biological sequences: Pairwise and local alignment of biological Sequences (DNA/protein sequences). How biological sequences are different from mathematical sequences? The scoring matrices for alignment algorithms PAM and BLOSUM matrices, algorithm for global alignment (Needleman–Wunch algorithm), Local alignment algorithms (Smith - Waterman) Gap Model, dynamic programming algorithms for alignment with gaps such as linear gap model, affine gap model. Introduction to heuristic alignment algorithms such as BLAST, FASTA

#### **Unit III**

Molecular phylogeny Analysis: Tree of life, gene and species tree. Distance based methods for reconstruction of phylogenetic tree such as UPGMA, weighted UPGMA, transformed distance method, nearest – neighbor joining method. Comparison of trees generated using different distance function Requisites of a good distance function. Character based methods for molecular phylogeny, maximum likelihood method and maximum parsimony method. Assessing trees via bootstrap, probabilistic approach to phylogeny. Probabilistic models of evolution, Felsentein's algorithm for likelihood computation. Juke – Canter model and Kimura and other probabilistic models for evolution.

#### Unit IV

Applications of HMM to biological sequence analysis, Markov chain as a classifier, use of Markov chain Model for demarcation of a region in Biological sequence analysis, Application of these in genetic sequence analysis such as detection of CPG Island. Testing whether given stretch of sequence is coming from CPG Island (use of Markov model for discrimination) Markov model- based classification & clusterization, testing order of a Markov model, testing homogeneity of two Markov models, Use of these test to design clustering algorithm. Hidden Markov/chains, Difference between these and simple Markov chains, Analysis of Hidden Markov Models/chains, Verterbi's algorithm, forward and backward algorithm for hidden Markov model, parameter estimation in hidden Markov model when path is known as well as unknown, Baum – Welch algorithm.

# **Recommended Books**

- 1. Durbin R., Eddy S. Krogh A. Michelson G. (1998). *Biological Sequence Analysis*, Cambridge University Press.
- 2. Haubold, B. and Thomas, W. (2006). *Introduction to Computational Biology*, Birkhauser
- 3. Isaev, A. (2006). Introduction to Mathematical Methods Bioinformatics. Springer.
- 4. Kelly, S. T. and Didulo, D. (2018). Computational Biology: A Hyper Textbook, Wiley
- 5. Robin S., Rudolph F, Schboth S. (2003) *DNA Words and Models Statistics of Exceptional Words*, Cambridge University Press
- 6. Satpathy, R., Choudhury, T., Satpathy, S., Mohanty, S. N. and Zhang, X. (Editor), (2021). Data Analytics in Bioinformatics: A Machine Learning Perspective, Wiley

# STS 665 MJ: Advanced Statistical Learning Techniques & Applications

# **Course Outcome (CO)**

**Cognitive level** 

After completion of this course the students will be able to

1.	understand different deep learning methods	Understand
2.	understand semi supervised learning methods	Understand
3.	apply them for solving problems in different domains	Apply

## Unit I

Deep Learning Architectures: Logistic regression Neural Networks - Perceptron, multilayer network, backpropagation, RBF Neural Network, CNN, RNN, LSTM, AlexNet, VGGNet, GoogleNet, Backpropagation, Deep networks Regularization, Dropout, Batch Normalization

#### **Unit II**

Deep Learning for Computer Vision: Popular CNN architectures Transfer learning, autoencoders and relation to PCA, Object detection, image segmentation RNN and LSTM for image captioning/video

# **Unit III**

Deep Reinforcement Learning: Introduction to sequential decision making under uncertainty Implementing RL algorithms with deep neural networks. Value functions, Finite and infinite Problems

## **Unit IV**

Representation Learning: Deep Generative Models, Semi and Self-supervised Learning

# **Recommended Books**

- 1. Alpaydin, E. (2015). *Introduction to Machine Learning*, 3rd Edition, Prentice Hall (India).
- 2. Duda, R. O. Hart, P. E. and Stork, D. G. (2007). *Pattern Classification*, 2nd Edn., Wiley India.
- 3. Bishop, C. M. (2006). *Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning* (Information Science and Statistics), Springer
- 4. Bhuyan, M. K. (2019). Computer Vision and Image Processing: Fundamentals and Applications, Published by CRC
- 5. Haykin, S. O. (2016). *Neural Networks and Learning Machines*, 3rd Edition, Pearson Education (India),
- 6. Goodfellow, I., Bengio, Y. and Courville, A. (2016). *Deep Learning*, MIT Press
- 7. Nielsen, M. A. (2015). Neural Networks and Deep Learning, Determination Press,
- 8. Bengio, Y. (2009). Learning Deep Architectures for AI, Now Publishers Inc.,

# STS 666 MJ: Design & Analysis of Clinical Trials

# **Course Outcome (CO)**

**Cognitive level** 

After completion of this course the students will be able to

1.	Understand different phases of clinical trials	Understand
2.	Understand data management in clinical trials	Understand
3.	Understand various aspects associated with designing a	Understand and
	clinical trials (cross-over design, Balaam.s design etc.)	Apply
4.	Apply different statistical procedures useful in testing	Apply
	Bioequivalence of more than two drugs	
5.	Carry out drug interaction, dose proportionality etc.	Apply

# Unit I

Introduction to clinical trials: need and ethics of clinical trials, bias and random error in clinical studies, conduct of clinical trials, overview of Phase I-IV trials, multi-center trials. Data management: data definitions, case report forms, database design, data collectionsystems for good clinical practice. Bioavailibility, pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamics, two-compartment model

#### Unit II

Design of clinical trials: parallel vs. cross-over designs, cross-sectional vs. longitudinal designs, objectives and endpoints of clinical trials, design of Phase I trials, design of single-stage and multi-stage Phase II trials. Design and monitoring of Phase III trials with sequential stopping, design of bio-equivalence trials, Inference for 2x2 crossover design: Classical methods of interval hypothesis testing for bioequivalence, Bayesian methods, nonparametric methods

#### Unit III

Estimands in clinical trials, power and sample size determination, multiplicative (or log-transformed) model, ML method of estimation, assessment of inter and intra subject variabilities, detection of outlying subjects. Optimal crossover designs: Balaam's design, two-sequence dual design. Optimal four period designs. Assessment of bioequivalence for more than two drugs, Williams design.

#### **Unit IV**

Designs based on clinical endpoints: Weighted least squares method, log-linear models, generalized estimating equations, drug interaction study, dose proportionality study, steady state analysis. Meta analysis, analysis of categorical data

## **Recommended Books**

- 1. Chow S.C. and Liu J.P.(2009). *Design and Analysis of Bioavailability and bioequivalence*. 3<sup>rd</sup>Ed. CRC Press.
- 2. Chow S.C. and Liu J.P. (2004). *Design and Analysis of Clinical Trials*. 2nd Ed. Marcel Dekkar.

- 3. Fleiss J. L.(1989). The Design and Analysis of Clinical Experiments, Wiley.
- 4. Friedman L. M.Furburg C. Demets D. L.(1998). Fundamentals of Clinical Trials, Springer.
- 5. ICHE9 Guideline:
  - https://database.ich.org/sites/default/files/E9-R1 Step4 Guideline 2019 1203.pdf
- 6. Jennison .C. and Turnbull B. W. (1999). Group Sequential Methods with Applications to Clinical Trails, CRC Press.
- 7. Marubeni .E. and Valsecchi M. G. (1994). *Analyzing Survival Data from Clinical Trials and Observational Studies*, Wiley.

# STS 667 MJ: Natural Language Processing

# **Course outcome (CO)**

Cognitive level

After completion of this course, the students will be able to

1. Describe the basics of language processing technologies for	Understand
processing the text	
2. Acquire knowledge of text data analytics using language models	Evaluate
3. Process the text data at syntactic and semantic levels	Evaluate
4. Extract key information from text data	Apply.
5. Analyze the text content to provide predictions related to	Analyze
a specific domain using language models.	

## Module- I

Introduction to NLP, Knowledge Acquisition, Regular expression (RE) and Text Processing, Word Tokenization, Word Normalization and Word Stemming, Sentence Segmentation, Edit Distance, Word Alignment Problem and Statistical Machine Translation (MT), Word alignment Problem, Parallel Corpora, Evaluation, Statistical MT, Modern MT Systems, Transfer + Decoding

## **Module - II**

Language Modeling, Introduction to N-grams, Estimating N-gram Probabilities, Evaluation and Perplexity, Generalization and Zeros, Interpolation, Good-Turing Smoothing, Kneser-Ney Smoothing, Spelling Correction, Noisy-Channel Model for Spelling

## **Module - III**

Text Classification and Sentiment Analysis, Naïve Bayes Classifier, Precision, Recall and the F measure, Text Classification, Evaluation, Sentiment Analysis - Baseline Algorithm, Learning Sentiment Lexicons and Discriminative Classifier - Maximum Entropy Classifier, Generative vs. Discriminative Model Making features from text, Feature-based Linear Classifier, Problem of Over counting evidence, Named Entity Recognition (NER) and Maximum Entropy Sequence Model.

#### Module - IV

Information Extraction, NER and Evaluation of NER, Sequence Models for NER, Maximum Entropy Sequence Model, Relation extraction by using patterns, Supervised, Semi-supervised and Unsupervised Relation Extraction, Advanced Maximum Entropy models, Parts of Speech (POS) Tagging, Sequence Models for POS Tagging, Word Class Induction, Parsing, Syntactic Parsing - Constituency vs Dependency, Context Free Grammar (CFG) and PCFG, Grammar Transforms, CKY Parsing, Lexicalized Parsing, Semantic Interpretation, Lexicalization and PCFGs, Charniak' Model, Unlexicalized PCFGs, Latent Variable PCFGs, Context Sensitive Grammar (CSG).

#### **Books Recommended**

- 1. Bird, S., Klein, E., & Loper, E. (2009). Natural Language Processing with Python: Analyzing Text with the Natural Language Toolkit. O'Reilly Media, Inc,
- 2. Chen, S. F. and Goodman, J. (1998). *An Empirical Study of Smoothing Techniques for Language Modelling*, TR-1098, Harvard University
- 3. Gilbert K. Krulee (1991). Computer Processing of Natural Language, Prentice Hall.
- 4. Jan Žižka, František Dařena and Arnošt Svoboda (2019). *Text Mining with Machine Learning: Principles and Techniques*, CRC Press,
- 5. Jurafsky, D., and Martin, J. H. (2021). *Speech and Language Processing*. Prentice Hall, (3<sup>rd</sup> Edn.).
- 6. Manning, C. & Schütze, H (1999). Foundations of Statistical Natural Language Pocessing. MIT Press, <a href="https://nlp.stanford.edu/fsnlp/">https://nlp.stanford.edu/fsnlp/</a>
- 7. Robinson, D. and Silge, J. (2017). Text Mining with R: A Tidy Approach, O'Reilly

# **Additional Reading Material**

Clark, A. (2000). *Inducing syntactic categories by context distribution clustering*. In Proceedings of CoNLL-2000 and LLL-2000, 91-94

Clark, A. Unsupervised Induction of Stochastic Context-Free Grammars using Distributional Clustering

Gildea, D. and Jurafsky. Automatic Labeling of Semantic Roles

Koehn, P., Och, F. J. and Marcu, D. Statistical Phrase-Based Translation

McCallum, A. and Nigam, K. A Comparison of Event Models for Naive Bayes Text Classification Merialdo, B. and Eurecom, I. Tagging English Text with a Probabilistic Model

Och, F. J. and Ney, H. (2003). A Systematic Comparison of Various Statistical Alignment Models Toutanova, K. and Manning, C. D. Enriching the Knowledge Sources Used in a Maximum Entropy Part-of-Speech Tagger.

Vogel, S., Ney, H. and Tillman, C. HMM-Based Word Alignment in Statistical Translation

# STS 668 MJ: Spatial Processes and their Applications

# Course Outcome (CO) Cognitive level

After completion of this course the students will be able to

1. understand the concepts related to spatial models and their applications in geostatistics

Understand

Understand

2.	understand the concept of nonstationary and non Gaussian	Understand
	spatial process models and solve related problems	Evaluate
3.	understand the concepts related to random fields	Understand
4.	understand the concept related to spatial point processes	Understand
	and solve problems related to such processes	Evaluate
5.	understand the concepts related to spatio-temporal models and	Understand
	solve related problems	Evaluate
6.	analyze the spatial and spatio-temporal data using the models	Apply
	discussed in the syllabus	Analyze

#### Unit I

Spatial sampling, Smoothing and Interpolation

Spatial models and geo-statistics, Classical Geostatistical Methods, kriging, Variogram and covariance models and estimation.

Nonstationary Spatial Processes, Non-Gaussian and Nonparametric Models for Continuous Spatial Data

## **Unit II**

Autocorrelation on spatial network

Random fields, Markov Random fields, Statistical inference in random fields

# **Unit III**

Spatial Point Process, Spatial Point Process Models (Poisson, Cox, Markov etc.), Parametric and Nonparametric Methods, Modeling strategies, Multivariate and MarkedPoint Processes, Point Process Models and Methods in Spatial Epidemiology, Isotropy for spatial point patterns

## **Unit IV**

Space-time data, Space-time models, space-time symmetry, parametric and nonparametric methods for assessing space-time symmetry, Spatio-Temporal Processes, Continuous Parameter Spatio-temporal Processes, Dynamic Spatial Models Including Spatial Time, Spatio-temporal Point Processes.

- 1. Blangiardo, M. and Cameletti, M. (2015) *Spatial and Spatio-Temporal Bayesian Models with R- INLA*. Wiley
- 2. Cressie, N. and Wikie, C. K. (2011). Statistics for Spatio-Temporal Data, Wiley
- 3. Gaetan, C. and Guyon, X. (2010). Spatial Statistics and Modeling, Springer
- 4. Gelfand, A. E., Diggle, P., Fuentes, M. and Guttorp, P. (2010). *Handbook of Spatial Statistics*, CRC Press
- 5. Haining, R. P. and Li, G. (2021). *Modeling Spatial and Spatial-Temporal Data: A Bayesian Approach*, CRC Press
- 6. Møller, J. and Waagepetersen, R. P. (2004). *Statistical Inference and Simulation for Spatial Point Processes*, CRC Press.
- 7. Oyana, T. J. (2021). Spatial Analysis with R: Statistics, Visualization and Computational Methods, CRC Press.

- 8. Ripley, B. D. (2004). Spatial Statistics, Wiley
- 9. Schinazi, R. B. (2010). Classical and Spatial Stochastic Processes With Applications to Biology, Birkhauser
- 10. Sherman, M. (2011). Spatial Statistics and Spatio-Temporal Data: Covariance Functions and Directional Properties, Wiley
- 11. Tautu, P. (1984). Stochastic Spatial Processes: Mathematical Theories and Biological Applications, Springer-Verlag
- 12. vanLieshout, M. N. M. (2019). *Theory of Spatial Statistics: A Concise Introduction*, CRC Press.
- 13. Wikle, C. K., Mangion, A. Z. and Cressie, N. (2019). *Spatio-Temporal Statistics with R*, CRS Press

#### STS 669 MJ: Financial Econometrics

(This course cannot be opted simultaneously with STS 670 MJ)

# **Course Outcome (CO)**

# **Cognitive level**

After completion of this course the students will be able to

1.	understand the concepts related to spectral analysis of time	Understand
	series and solve related problems	Evaluate/Analyze
2.	model and analyze the vector financial time series data	Analyze
3.	understand the concepts related to unit root testing in	Understand
	time series and apply them for financial time series data	Apply/Analyze
4.	understand the concepts related to Granger causality and	Understand
	cointegration and apply them for vector financial time series data	Apply/Analyze
5.	understand the concepts related to state-space modeling (dlm)	Understand
	and apply them for given financial time series data	Apply/Analyze
6.	use nonlinear and Markov switching models for modeling	Understand and
	financial time series data	Apply/Analyze
7.	understand the theory related to SV models and apply them	Understand
	for financial time series	Apply/Analyze

#### Unit I

Frequency domain analysis of time series, periodicity, spectral density, periodogram and DFT, spectral representation, inference, examples & data analysis

Vector time series, cross correlations, VAR and VARMA models, stability condition, impulse response function, causality & invertibility, estimation – least squares and MLE (Gaussian), order determination, multivariate Portmanteau tests

Granger causality, cointegration and ECM, cointegrating VAR, cointegration tests, applications to the PPP (purchasing power parity). Applications to the net present value model of stock prices, market microstructure and the efficient market hypothesis, examples & data analysis

#### **Unit II**

State-space models, State-space representations, local-trend model, The basic structural model, State-space representation of ARIMA models, Filtering and smoothing, The Kalman recursions, estimation for State-space models, generalized state-space models, parameter & observation-driven models, non-Gaussian state-space models, APM with time varying parameters, examples & data analysis

#### **Unit III**

Nonlinear time series models, modeling regime shifts in time series, Markov-switching models, estimation, Bayesian methods, diagnostic checking, Forecasting, examples & data analysis

#### **Unit IV**

Volatility definition and estimation, volatility forecast evaluation, stochastic volatility models, MCMC approach, option pricing with stochastic volatility

# **Recommended Books**

- 1. Ait-Sahalia, Y. & Hansen, L. P. (Ed.) (2010). *Handbook of Financial Econometrics: Tools and Techniques*, Vol.1& 2, Elsevier, Amsterdam.
- 2. Campbell J., Lo A. & McKinley C. (1997). *The Econometrics of Financial Markets*. PrincetonUniversity press. Princeton.
- 3. Chan, N. H. (2002). Time Series: Applications to Finance, Wiley
- 4. Fan J. and Yao, Q. (2003). *Nonlinear Time Series: Nonparametric and Parametric Methods*, Springer, New York.
- 5. Hamilton (1994). *Time Series Analysis*. Princeton University press. Princeton
- 6. Knight, J. and Satchell, S. (2007). Forecasting Volatility in the Financial Markets, Third Edition, Elsevier, Amsterdam.
- 7. Lutkepohl, H. and Kratzing, M. (Ed.) (2004). *Applied Time Series Econometrics*, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge
- 8. Poon Ser-Huang (2005). A Practical Guide to Forecasting Financial Market Volatility, Wiley, New York.
- 9. Rachev. S. T., Mittnik, S., Fabozzi, F. J., Focardi, S. M. and Jasic, T. (2007). Financial Econometrics: From Basics to Advanced Modeling Techniques, Wiley, New York.
- 10. Ruppert, D. (2004). Statistics and Finance: An Introduction, Springer, New York.
- 11. Shephard, N. (2004). *Stochastic Volatility: Selected Readings*, Oxford University Press, Oxford.
- 12. Soderlind, P. (2010). *Lecture Notes in Financial Econometrics*, University of St. Gallen, Switzerland.
- 13. Tsay, (2014). Multivariate Time Series Analysis: With R and Financial Applications, Wiley

# STS 670 MJ: Advanced Time Series Analysis

(This course cannot be opted simultaneously with STS 669 MJ)

# **Course Outcome (CO)**

# **Cognitive level**

After completion of this course the students will be able to

1.	understand the theory related to estimating functions and	Understand and
	bootstrapping In time series and apply them	Apply
2.	understand the concepts of SETAR models and apply them	Understand
	for modeling and forecasting time series data	Apply/Analyze
3.	understand the concepts related to spectral analysis of time	Understand and
	series and solve related problems	Evaluate/Analyze
4.	understand the concepts related to unit root testing in	Understand and
	time series and apply them for financial time series data	Apply/Analyze
5.	understand the concepts related to Granger causality and	Understand and
	cointegration and apply them for the analysis of time series data	Apply/Analyze
6.	understand the concepts related to INAR models, apply them	Understand and
	for integer time series data	Apply/Analyze

# Unit I

Estimating functions in time series, bootstrapping in time series, machine learning methods in time series,

long memory time seriesmodels, examples & data analysis, Threshold models, inference and applications.

# Unit II

Spectral analysis of stationary time series: Fourier analysis, Fourier representation of periodic and non-periodic series, discrete Fourier transforms, spectral theory of stationary processes, spectrum of common processes, estimation of the spectral density and spectrum, examples & data analysis

# **Unit III**

Non-stationarity, Granger causality and co-integration: test for stationarity and unit roots, DF, ADF, PP and KPSS tests, Granger causality, cointegration and ECM, VECM, cointegrating VAR, cointegration tests, applications to the purchasing power parity (PPP), applications to the net present value model of stock prices. examples & data analysis

#### **Unit IV**

Time series models for counts: thinning-based approach, POINAR models, INAR, INARMA models, categorical time-series models, estimation of parameters and forecasting, mode of the predictive distribution, models which do not require thinning. examples & dataanalysis

# **Recommended Books:**

- 1. Brockwell, P.J. and Davis, R. A. (2003). Introduction to Time Series Analysis, Springer
- 2. Commandeur, J. J. F. and Koopman, S. J. (2007). *An Introduction to State Space Time Series Analysis*, OUP
- 3. Fuller, W. A. (1996). *Introduction to Statistical Time Series*, 2nd Ed. Wiley.
- 4. Gridin, I. (2021). Time Series Forecasting Using Deep Learning, BPB Publications
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